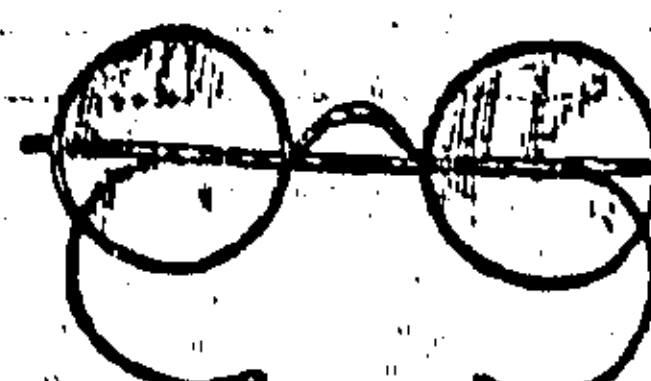


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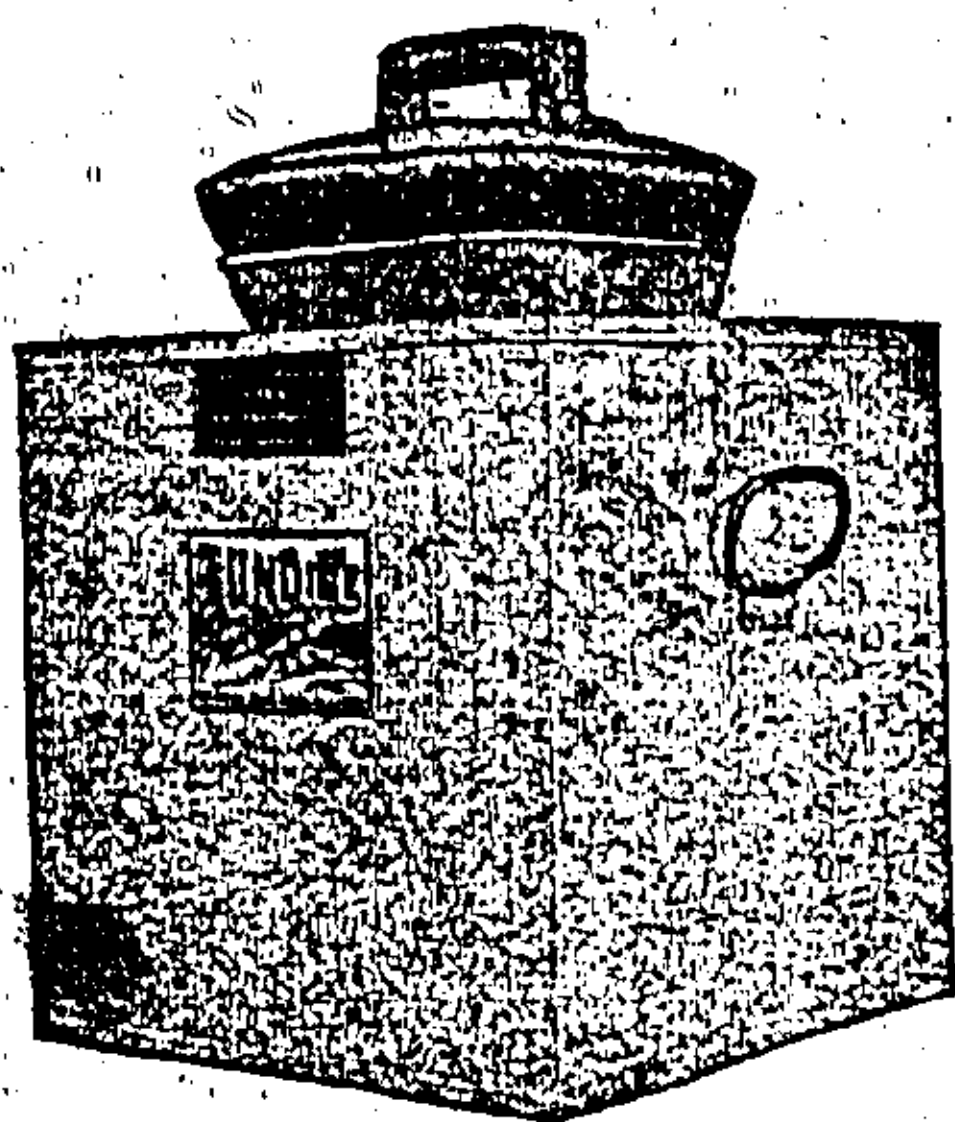
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- 6.—Curried Pork
- 7.—Roast Potatoes
- 8.—Boiled Potatoes
- 9.—Marrow Cream Sauce
- 10.—Apple Tart, Cream Sauce
- 11.—Fruit 12.—Tea 13.—Coffee

## GERMANY AND AMERICAN MOVIES.

### NECESSITY OF "CULTURAL PROTECTION."

### "KONTINGENT" SYSTEM TO REMAIN IN FORCE.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Although the French war against the showing of American films has received much more attention from newspapers in the United States and from officials in Washington, the German Government's attitude toward the presentation of American movies as reflected in its recent decision to keep the film "kontingent" regulations in force another year, is considered to be equally as detrimental to the interests of the American film industry.

It had been hoped that Germany would discontinue the "kontingent" system, particularly in view of its adherence to the Geneva Convention for the Abolition of Import and Export Prohibitions and Restrictions, and thus give the American companies at least a fair foothold in the German market. Instead the restrictions are to be continued in their present form until the Geneva Convention comes into effect and thereafter, the American film representatives have been informally advised, they will be changed in name to comply with the Geneva Treaty, but not in substance or effect.

#### The "Kontingent" System.

Under the "kontingent" system as now administered a definite limit is set upon the number of foreign films that may come into the German market, but even then the distributor must first obtain a license before any of these pictures can be shown. The number of these licenses that may be issued in a year is fixed at 300, and of this number 170 are definitely allocated to German distributing organizations and the remaining 90 are retained by the Federal Film Commissioner to be issued at his discretion. The number of permits issued to a German distributing house is wholly dependent or contingent upon the number of German feature films

that company released in the two years preceding.

This arrangement has been based upon the necessity of "cultural protection," say the German officials. They argue that it has been set up as a "spiritual defense" against the introduction of too many foreign ideas, against the "over-foreignization" of the German mind. It has nothing to do with ordinary commercial competition nor is it necessarily intended to bolster up the German movie industry.

American film representatives, however, read quite a different meaning into the "kontingent" system. They contend that the censors can bar all pictures that may be injurious to German culture and on this score they have had no complaints to make against German censorship. Hence there is no other foundation left for the system to rest upon except that of a desire to reduce to the lowest possible minimum the competition which the American industry can offer the German companies.

#### Aims of German Policy.

The United Press has been informed that the American film people believe the true aims of the German policy to be:—

1. To use "kontingent" control as a means of benefiting the German producers;
2. To gradually force American rental and distributing organizations now operating in Germany out of business;
3. To compel the American film industry to assist financially in increasing the production of German pictures to a point where there will be little room left in the German market for foreign pictures;
4. In consequence of which the trade in American films in Germany will be substantially reduced where as the American companies will have helped to build up a German film industry.

In the same quarter it has been pointed out that under the "kontingent" system the American companies have no way of directly obtaining licenses for the distribution of their films in Germany except by entering the business of producing and distributing German films or by purchasing the licenses. Indirectly they could obtain permits from their German competitors, a course not likely to be supported by the latter who would rather pocket the profits, if any, themselves.

#### Difficulty of Placing American Pictures.

Thus the Americans either would have to go into the producing business here, and thereby really subsidize the German industry for the sake of showing a few films of their own, or else pay the prevailing high prices for distributing licenses. In either case the process would be costly unless all the pictures they brought here were to prove smashing successes. In view of this situation the American producers are also finding it increasingly difficult to place their pictures, but are also becoming increasingly reluctant to enter the German market at all. One of the immediate results has been the preventing of anything like wholehearted co-operation between the American and German movie industries and this at a time when American help, particularly of a financial nature, would be most appreciated here.

Although a few of the larger companies might consider going into production of motion pictures in Germany, all of the American firms have thus far hesitated to do so because they feel they have no assurance that their investment would be protected. In this connection they recall that an American tobacco firm recently spent a great deal of money erecting a plant in Germany with the intention of making several million cigarettes daily only to find itself faced, just before construction was completed, with a new cigarette quota law under which the production of cigarettes was limited to a definite percentage of those made on a certain day. This "certain day" was three months before the American company began to build its plant, and consequently it was barred from manufacturing cigarettes in Germany.

## Diary of Coming Events.

To-day.  
(April 22.)

H.K. Engineering and Construction Co.'s 8th Annual Meeting, Shewan Tomes Board Room, noon.  
Queen's Theatre: "Broadway."  
World Theatre: "Sailors Sweetheart at 2.30 and 7.15, 'The Eyeing Woman' (Chinese Picture).  
Star Theatre: "Girl from Chicago."

Sale of Crown Land at Office of Public Works Dept., 3 p.m.  
Majestic Theatre: "Made for Love."  
Tea Dances: Hong Kong and Peninsula Hotels, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dances: Hong Kong, Peninsula, and Repulse Bay Hotels, 8.30 p.m.  
European Mails:—Inward: Europe via Siberia (Mirzapore), Outward: Europe via Marseilles (D'Artagnan), 2.30 p.m., Europe via Siberia (Shinyo Maru), 6 p.m.

Wednesday.  
(April 23.)

St. George's Day.  
St. George's Society At Home to H.M. Forces, Lee Theatre, 8.30 p.m.  
Hockey: Club v. Somersets, U.S.R.C. ground.  
Football: Junior League: South China "B" v. Club, Navy v. Chinese "A", St. Joseph's v. Somersets, Chinese "B" v. Ewo.  
Queen's Theatre: "Broadway."

Thursday.  
(April 24.)

Laying of Foundation Stone, War Memorial Nursing Home by Mrs. Southern, 4 p.m.  
Queen's Theatre: "The Trial of Mary Dugan."  
World Theatre: "The Crow" (2.30 and 7.15 p.m., Chinese picture, 'The Eyeing Woman').  
Star Theatre: "The Awakening."  
Majestic Theatre: "Serenade."  
Tea Dances: Hong Kong and Peninsula Hotels, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dances: Hong Kong, Peninsula, and Repulse Bay Hotels, 8.30 p.m.  
European Mails:—Inward: Europe via Suez (Mantua).  
Friday.  
(April 25.)

Hockey: Club v. Recreation, King's Park.  
Queen's Theatre: "The Trial of Mary Dugan."

World Theatre: "The Crow" (2.30 and 7.15 p.m., Chinese picture, 'The Eyeing Woman').

Star Theatre: "The Awakening."  
Majestic Theatre: "Serenade."  
Tea Dances: Hong Kong and Peninsula Hotels, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dances: Hong Kong and Peninsula Hotels, 8.30 p.m.

Saturday.  
(April 26.)

Charity Concert in Aid of the Tin Kwok School, Theatre Royal, 9 p.m.  
Diocesan Boys' School, Dance, 9 p.m.  
Cricket:—Division II: Winners (H.K.C.C.) v. The Rest, Club ground, 2 p.m.  
Football:—Division II: Chinese "A" v. St. Joseph, Ewo v. Eastern, South China, "B" v. Recreation, Kowloon v. South China "A", Navy v. Club.  
Queen's Theatre: "Trial of Mary Dugan."  
World Theatre: "The Crow" (2.30 and 7.15 p.m., Chinese picture, 'The Eyeing Woman').  
Star Theatre: "The Awakening."  
Majestic Theatre: "Serenade."  
Tea Dances: Hong Kong and Peninsula Hotels, 4.30 p.m.  
Dinner Dances: Hong Kong, Peninsula and Repulse Bay Hotels, 8.30 p.m.  
European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Rajputana), 10.30 a.m.

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## HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

"I saw the mechanical man perform last night. It does the work of 20 men—it is almost human!"

"Not if it does the work of 20 men!"

"I think Napoleon was a greater field marshal than Bonaparte."

"But Napoleon and Bonaparte were identical."

"But Napoleon was more identical."

"I am a son of the soil," shouted the grimy park orator.

"Yes, and I'm sorry for you," exclaimed one of the audience, "for I see you have your father on your hands."

Lady at Door: "Aren't you the woman who was here 10 minutes ago?"

Tramp: "Yes, missus. You said you'd give me somethin' next time I called."

"Yes, I grant you that Henry Ford is a big industrialist and financier. And yet he is the prime cause of one of our greatest modern problems."

"To what are you referring?"

"The parking problem!"

Officer: "Flag of truce, Excellency."

His Excellency: "What do the revolutionists want?"

Officer: "They would like to exchange a couple of generals for a can of condensed milk."

"Why is Murray Rime looking so sad?"

"He sent his poem, 'The Memory of a Moth,' to an editorial friend for revision."

"Well, what happened?"

"The editor changed the title, omitted 11 verses, and rewrote the other!"

Oklahoma City, Okla., April 8.—

While the great oil gusher which has been named "Roaring Mary Subie" has now been brought under control once more, a new runaway well has developed and it continues to shoot a high stream of crude petroleum and spray to an altitude even greater than that achieved by "Roaring Mary." Frantic efforts are being made to cap this latest gusher.

"Some men do not realize the value of an opportunity to serve their country."

"And others do," rejoined Senator Sorghum. "Several gentlemen have signified a willingness to pay more for a seat in the stock exchange."

Subscription Agent: "Would you like to subscribe to the local papers?"

Lady: "No, we have newspapers all over the house."

Agent: "How about some good books?"

Lady: "We've got books in every corner."

Agent: "How about a magazine or two that—"

Lady: "Sorry, but we're swamped with magazines."

Agent: "Well, then, what about a good paper baler?"

A little fellow, who had told a falsehood and been found out, was being talked to seriously by his teacher, who directed her efforts to making the youngster feel ashamed of what he had done.

Judging by the interested look on his face, she thought she was making the desired impression, when the youth exclaimed, eagerly, "I say, teacher, it's your lower jaw that moves, isn't it?"

"What is the difference between a specialist and a philosopher?"

"A specialist is one who starts out with an intense interest in some one thing, and he continues to learn more and more about less and less, until finally he knows all there is to know about nothing. A philosopher is one who starts out with a casual interest in a great many things, and he continues to learn less and less about more and more, until finally he knows nothing at all about everything."

New York, April 8.—For what

is believed to have been the first time such action has ever been taken by any official Methodist body, the New York East Conference today adopted a report of its social service committee suggesting that the legislatures of New York and Connecticut should remove restrictions upon the teaching of birth control "in the interest of morality and sound scientific knowledge."

## GIRLS OF THE NEW CHINA.

FINE RECORDS AT SPORTS MEETING.

[UNITED PRESS.]

The shy and dainty "lily-footed" maidens of old China have, in less than a generation, been completely metamorphosed into strong and husky girls of new China. Attired in the most masculine and abbreviated athletic costumes, these young women vied with men in demonstration of their prowess in the Kiangsu Provincial Athletic Meeting held at Chinkiang this spring. They not only proved their versatility in basket-ball, volley ball and tennis, to which they have been accustomed in the last decade or so, but they convincingly showed what they could do in sports heretofore considered exclusively masculine.

Some 44 girls from all over the Province took part in the field and track events. As this was the first time that Chinese girls have ventured into this field, naturally they had no past records to break. However, the records set by them at the meet were most encouraging, considering that it was not many years ago that such girls were kept strictly at home by their mothers.

Miss Hu Jui Seng from Sunkiang won the first place in the 50-metre dash by covering the distance in 8.1 seconds; Miss Lu Sueh Ching, also from Sunkiang, covered 100 metres and 200 metres in 18.4 and 38 seconds respectively. Miss Wu Kwang Hsing cooped the shot put honour by heaving the lead 6.62 metres. The high jump laurel went to Miss Yi Shao Chu, who cleared 1.09 metres.

The tennis championship went to Miss Liu Hsi Feng and Chang Chieh I, co-eds from Soochow University; volley-ball to Ching Tsu Girls' Middle School; and basketball to Soochow Girls' Middle School.

Berlin, April 8.—The Reichstag has passed the third reading of the liquor licensing bill which, among other provisions, fixes 1 a.m. as the closing hour for restaurants and other liquor selling establishments. Another provision of the bill is the restriction of the sale of alcohol, intended for consumption on the spot, on pay-days and election days. The bill also provides for a number of limitations with regard to the granting of new licences.

## THIEF FRIEND OF PRINCESSES.

AMAZING EXPLOITS OF BOGUS MILLIONAIRE.

An international thief who led the life of a rich aristocrat, and whose women friends from among princesses and duchesses, was arrested in Paris last month. He is a Pole named Ekstajn, but is also known as Eugene Epstein. In February last year a stranger bought from a Paris jeweller a diamond worth \$180, which was paid for with false dollar notes. The police communicated with the International Police Bureau, which sent a collection of photos of international thieves with "records" in various European capitals. Among them the jeweller recognised the thief Ekstajn, who has a black record.

In Prague, in 1920, he stole a pearl necklace from a hotel. He was at the time posing as a millionaire, and was the lover of Countess Malvina, a woman of Czech-Slovakian origin, who committed suicide on hearing that the man she loved was a thief.

Ekstajn was sentenced to three years' imprisonment, and when liberated came to France.

He was then living in great style with a Russian Princess. The couple were arrested in Paris, charged with the theft of a diamond necklace.

They were both sent to prison and afterwards expelled from France.

## YOUTH'S LOST BELIEF IN GOD.

"FUTILE AND DIFFICULT LIVES."

Three classes at University College, London, were recently asked the two questions: "Do you believe in God?" and "Do you feel any need to believe in God?"

The answer to the first question was a unanimous negative, and to the second a practically unanimous negative.

These statements were made by Mr. C. E. Joad, speaking at a meeting at Caxton Hall, Westminster, for the purpose of forming a society for the study of religions.

"These young people," said Mr. Joad, "are well read in the literature of psycho-analysis. They are fond of drawing terrifying portraits of the awful things that happen to you if you repress your instinctive impulses. That has given me a clue to many of the phenomena in modern society."

(Continued on next column.)

## MISTRESS' RIGHT OF DISMISSAL.

JUDGE AND MAID'S BAD LANGUAGE.

"It is time employers were protected against young women like that," said Judge Sir Alfred Tobin at Westminster County Court recently when he gave judgment for Major R. Johnson and his wife, of Warwick-square, Victoria, in a claim brought against them by Miss Fyvie Annie Parrott, a housemaid, for £3 10s. a month's wages.

Major and Mrs. Johnson alleged that Miss Parrott was abusive, and that they had to dismiss her in consequence after five days' service. They offered her £1, and paid this into court.

Miss Parrott said that Mrs. Johnson made unjustifiable complaints of her work, and rushed her about. She told Mrs. Johnson she was not an electric machine.

"If people are nasty to me I must hit back," said Miss Parrott.

She thought she said, when Major Johnson told her to leave, "You are a two-faced dirty cur. What do you take me for—a doormat?"

Judge Sir Alfred Tobin: Surely a mistress is entitled to say, "I don't like your work. I will go for another servant."

Miss Parrott: Employers like to put the working class down.

Judge Sir Alfred Tobin said later: I do not want to say anything about the views of this unhappy plaintiff on the rights of people in a humbler position of life. I am perfectly satisfied that she used abominably filthy language without the slightest justification towards her employers, and that they have done a public service by fighting this case. Unhappily there are few employers who have that courage.

He added that Major and Mrs. Johnson were entitled to dismiss Miss Parrott without paying her a farthing.

"This generation is suffering from a thwarting of the instinctive need to believe. That is why so many of our younger people are living futile lives."

"They find life more difficult than past generations have done. The decay of the orthodox creeds of their childhood has left a vacuum. It may be said that traditional religion will fill that vacuum. I doubt it. Things have gone too far. The most striking characteristic of the modern generation is a wistful agnosticism."



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A private confession is a vital, and yet generally unrecognised, necessity. We all have secret thoughts, secret desires, and secret experiences, which are too intimate to share even with our closest friend.

Sometimes they are too intimate—too "unbearable"—even to be subjected to one's own frank scrutiny. Recollection of an incident and all that is consequent on it is hateful to us—disturbing, revolting, frightening.

Self-reproach is a common bugbear which we tend to evade. It hurts our self-esteem, and often we

seek to escape our scourging, by repressing all consciousness of guilt.

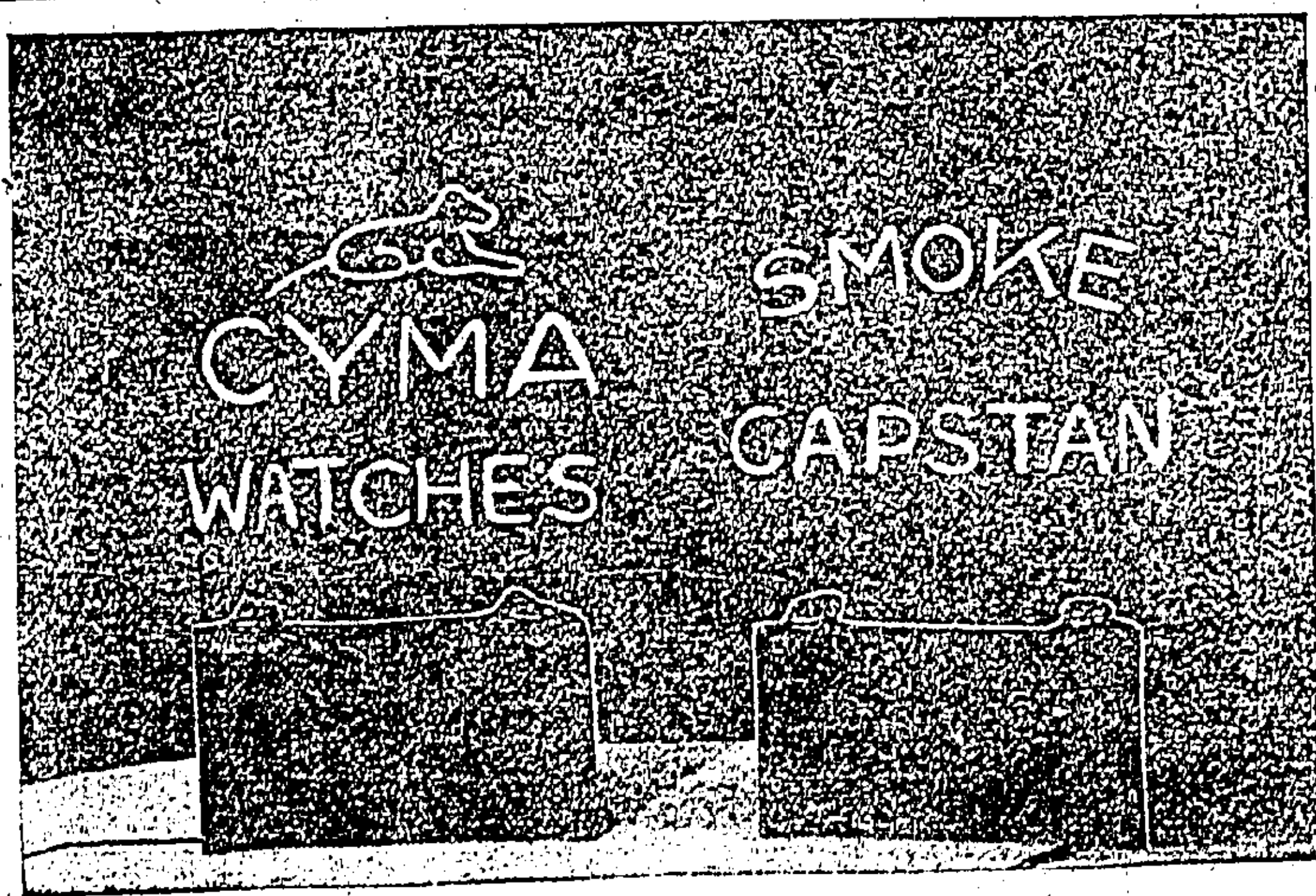
But this repression—this thrusting into oblivion—of powerful, emotion-charged ideas can be dangerous. It can give rise to mental conflict which may become severe and develop serious disorder in the mind.

The keeping of a diary, which in the full sense of the words fulfils the purpose of a private confessional, where every experience of personal importance, whether of happy or unhappy tone, finds candid expression, will be worth its weight in gold as an aid to consistent mental well-being.

Trouble-causing repressions can be, and frequently are, recovered to consciousness by such means as dream analysis. Generally the mere emergence into the light of criticism is sufficient to cause their disintegration.

The keeping of a frank diary, of course, demands moral courage of a high standard. It demands the admission of much that we would rather not admit, even to ourselves. It implies ruthless scrutiny of motives. It means the ventilation of secrets which we would fain inconspicuously bury.

The process of confessing will often be painful. But it will have the advantage of yielding that same sense of relief which results from unburdening troubles in the ears of a sympathetic friend.



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### FOR PURE MILK

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IMPORTED FROZEN  
MEATS.  
HOUSE F&D POULTRY

## COCK-FIGHTING IN FRANCE.

### AN EASTER MONDAY CONTEST.

During a recent tour of Northern France and Belgium, a party of Australians had the "privilege" of witnessing some forcible cock-fighting at the Easter "Concours du Coq" held in an ill-famed apache-like estaminet, in the kilometre of "no man's land," between the French and Belgian frontiers at Le Biez, in the vicinity of Armentieres. This meeting was regarded as one of the big events of the season; although on the particular day we were present, viz., Easter Monday, the contests were for novice birds only. The entrance fee for each cock was 150 francs and the prize was 2500.

There were about 20 entrants, including some valuable and promising birds. The crowd had all gathered in the large anteroom of the estaminet and about 11 a.m., after a good deal of "drinking," we were admitted behind the seven at the far end of the room on payment of 10 francs each. Here was provided accommodation for the 100 odd spectators who stood around the ring on benches raised up on trestles. They looked a particularly tough lot, reputed to be adept with the knife and gun, and our guide friend said that he would not advise any one of the party to visit that estaminet at night, alone or unarmed. They seemed to be standing in small groups of twos and threes, and were soon noisily laying wagers with their neighbours or other groups across the room.

The ring was arranged on a large table about ten feet square; its floor was covered with a rough canvas, which had numerous old blood stains upon it, and it was surrounded by a wire netting fence about 3 feet high. Very soon the strains of the "music" from the magnificent mechanical organ at the end of the room ceased; the waging ended, and the first contest was about to begin. Each contest was a fight to the finish; or the winner was the bird who kept his opponent down for three minutes. The judge sat on one side of the ring; and had in front of him three metal balls, counterbalanced by weights; and at the end of each minute for which one bird or the other was kept down, he would pull down one of these balls, that all might see how much longer there was to go.

Nasty-looking Steel Spurs. The "seconds out" gong sounded and the owners of the opposing cocks in the first bout took up their positions at opposite "gates," and produced their respective birds out of big sacks. Each bird had a rusty-looking sharp steel spur, about three inches long, fixed to the inside of each leg. After a little preliminary "eyeing off" and walking round each other, the opponents were soon at close quarters, and going "hard at it," endeavouring to peck other's eyes out, or stick their spurs through their opponent's jugular vein in the neck, a feat which was apparently accomplished quite frequently, as was witnessed later.

The first bout was a desperate one; each bird was down in turn for over two minutes, but managed to get up again in time, when encouraged by its owner; until finally both birds lay down exhausted on each other and a draw was declared. After a short interval to settle wagers, make new ones and drink more beer, the next bout was soon under way; only to finish very shortly when the victor pierced his opponent's neck with the spur and pinned him to the floor. He died shortly afterwards, but the owner seemed to take his loss very stoically, as he stewed the body away in his bag. And so the programme went on. We left after about an hour of it, glad to have had the opportunity of witnessing this exhibition of the "sport," but agreeing that the laws of England were right in forbidding cock-fighting.

## DIFFICULT RUGBY LAW.

### OXFORD BLUE'S PROPOSAL.

The double Oxford Blue, V. H. Nesser, who is South Africa's foremost referee and the author of several books on the laws of Rugby, interviewed on the question of the change in the Rugby laws, said:—"The decision of the International Rugby Board that Rule 15 remain as now printed creates a difficult position. As the rule stands, it is practically impossible to enforce it. I suggest that the rule can be enforced. A more satisfactory law would be to make the ball unplayable before it has passed both feet of the players on either side of the scrum, and that no forward may move his foot beyond the front line of his forwards until the ball has left the hands of the player who is putting it in the scrum."

Mr. Nesser's remarks carry added weight by virtue of the unique distinction he gained last year when, at the special request of the New Zealand "All Blacks," he refereed all four Test matches between New Zealand and South Africa.

## AS OTHERS SEE US.

### COCONUTS AND JAVA ORANGES.

### HOMESIDE IDEAS ON LIFE IN THE EAST.

A correspondent of the *Straits Times* has found a new way of amusing himself while on leave. He runs around trying to get opinions from Stay-at-homes as to their conception of life in the East. Here are a few of "Limalima's" illuminating discoveries:—

I found, in the first place, that he it Malaya or the D.E.I., all Far Eastern commodities and products are, both in quality, and quantity, subservient to the coconut (and, of course, in the case of Java, oranges). The native inhabitants of these parts are very little black niggers with very big white teeth, which latter flash in the sun and are ground, at grinding time, on human bones. When the more civilised and pleasant mannered negro can be lured from his jungle home, where he lives in complete nudity, his primary occupation is to spin up the ubiquitous palm trees, that infest our sandstrewn shores, and collect coconuts for the White Man. This individual, (manager of the estate, for there is no other decent Eastern occupation) stands beneath the trees with a far-away look in his eyes. He is a handsome man and, like all of his kind, is slightly bronzed; his suit is white, and tight. On his head he wears an enormous helmet to protect him from the sun and stray coconuts; in one hand he carries a whip, and in the other a loaded automatic. His blood is extremely blue, (not with cold or drink, but because he was almost the son of a pre-war Peer) but that of the native is, of course, black; some of it drips from the whip, for the manager of the estate is a hard man, but just.

### Rotan Bungalows.

Late at night, when the long day's work is done, the scene changes. The manager—who, on account of his poorly paid job lives in an atmosphere of indescribable hardship and privation, is discovered in his little rotan bungalow, whose only adornment is the photograph of a Girl, waiting for him at home. She is not his wife. No! She is not married. He is lonely and has a "peg" . . . the only drink obtainable East of Suez . . . and, like all of its kind, it is slightly bronzed. He is white and tight; his blood, naturally enough, is bluer than ever, and the look in his eyes is still further away than it was in the morning. The bungalow reeks with the smell of incense and Panettas, cigarettes being unobtainable except at prominent ports; and, in the flickering half-light of the moon, a brass Buddha lingers agreeably from the corner. The manager makes an obeisance to this at the "peg," and at the photograph of a Girl, and goes to bed.

Thus, I find, our sisters at Home imagine that we live our lives and, where their ignorance is bliss, it is surely folly to put them wise. But on my next leave, I intend, weather permitting, to practice a little Eastern frugality, and to incense some Oriental atmosphere into my modest Baker Street apartments. When I strike a gong, or crack a whip, my excellent landlady, who has done for me (nearly) for years, will enter bearing on her head a tray, and on that tray a "peg." They will be dressed respectively as an Arab woman and a whiskey and soda.

As a matter of fact, I tried something of this sort when I was last at home, but it was a failure. At the given signal my landlady entered, according to plan, but she was unfortunately closely followed by her husband, who came for the rent and spoiled the whole thing. He and I eventually compromised over the "peg." But next leave I shall try again, so won't we have fun? (None with the indicative, expecting the answer "Yes, isn't," as they say in Java.)

## GIRLS AT FOOTBALL.

### PROTEST AGAINST GOOD FRIDAY MATCH.

An effort to prevent the annual football match on Good Friday between two groups of girls from big stores in Darlington was made by the Darlington Council of Christian Witness.

The match this year was to be in aid of the National Union of Railwaymen's Orphan Fund. Last year it proved a great attraction. A protest to the committee was made by the Council of Christian Witness, who consider that a football match between two such teams is a degrading display, particularly when the match was to take place on Good Friday during the hours of Divine service.

Members of the teams said that they consider there is nothing unseemly about the match, and could see no grounds for objection.

## LAMMERTS AUCTIONS

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THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell By  
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TUESDAY, APRIL 22,  
At 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

At GODOWN No. 9, THE  
HONGKONG & KOWLOON  
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TWO HUNDRED (200)  
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A QUANTITY OF VALU-  
ABLE HOUSEHOLD  
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FRIDAY, APRIL 25,  
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At THEIR SALES ROOM,  
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FURNITURE

Comprising:—

Teak and Glass Cabinets, Glass Bookcases, Cottage Pinnos, Gramophones, Records, Desks, Chesterfield Couches and Armchairs, Typewriters, Wardrobe, Trunks, Electric Table Lamps, Pictures, Carpets, Rugs, Curios, Ornaments, etc., etc.

Teak and Iron Bedsteads with Mattresses, Teak Double and Single Wardrobes with Mirrors, Chests of Drawers, Dressing Tables, Toilet Crockery, Iron Safes, Linen, Washstands, Hatstands, etc., etc.

Teak Dining Tables, Dining Chairs, Ice Chests, Teak Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Dinner Crockery, Glass Ware, Electric Table Fans, Vases, Box Couches, etc., etc.

and

A QUANTITY OF BLACK-  
WOOD FURNITURE

Including:—

Joss Tables, Chairs, Jardinieres, Cabinets, Tea Poy, Opium Stools, etc., etc.

On View From THURSDAY, the  
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EXPERIENCED CUTTER  
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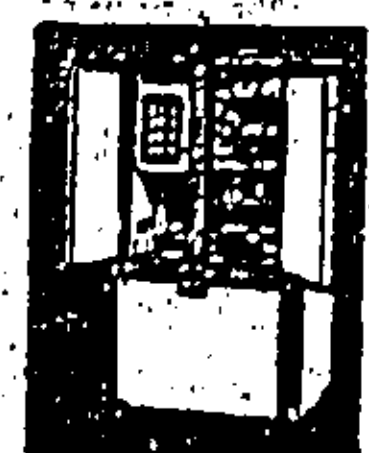
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For more than 30 years physicians all over the world have prescribed Sanatogen whenever they had to combat nervous debility or general weakness in their patients.

No wonder! Sanatogen is an ideal strength-creating food, containing exactly those elements—phosphorus and albumin—which are nature's building material for Health and Strength.

Just think what a course of Sanatogen would mean to your health. Sanatogen will make you feel fit and energetic, able to withstand life in a hot climate without undue fatigue or illness. Sleeplessness, loss of appetite, irritability—all those signs of weak nerves will quickly disappear once you have started building up new nerve-strength with Sanatogen.

Start with a course of this famous tonic food to-day, then you will regain real, lasting health within a few weeks.

# SANATOGEN

The True Tonic-Food

Obtainable at all Chemists and Stores.

## AMERICA'S ALIEN PROBLEM.

### ATTEMPTS TO STEM INFLUX.

7,000,000 UNREGISTERED.

[UNITED PRESS.]

A concerted effort is being made in U.S. Congress on plans to locate and register the floating masses of aliens within the United States whose numbers are estimated at 7,000,000, a population greater than that of many European countries. Closing the national doors to unlimited immigration has stopped the vast influx of aliens into America, but there are millions whose presence is officially unknown, including at least one

million, it is said, who are there illegally. Still others are designing officials for citizenship papers, but records of their arrival have been lost and so they remain without a definite civil status.

Bills to provide for the registration of all such residents or for certificates of identification have been proposed in both houses of Congress this winter and cooperation is being planned to secure passage of some measure intended to alter this situation. Sympathy for honorable aliens in difficulty over their status on the one hand, and the activities of those who have been smuggled in on the other, account for the proposals to register all foreign-born residents. The author of one bill told the United Press that "registration" will mean that the possibilities for the practice of sabotage on the part of the foreign-born will be considerably lessened, and added "it will also lessen the number of violations of our immigration laws by surreptitious entry of aliens, and will check the legality of residence of the Orientals toward whom we have adopted a policy of exclusion."

Another promoter of registration pointed out that it will make the attainment of citizenship easier since no declaration of intention would be necessary after registration. All promoters of the idea in Congress claim that such a law would only be an aid and protection to those aliens entered legally while it would be a burden only to those entered illegally.

#### Compulsory Registration.

There are two bills before the House of Representatives. One introduced by Congressman James B. Aswell of Louisiana provides for compulsory registration each year of every alien, whether a temporary or permanent resident. Cards containing signatures, photographs, description and records of each individual are to be issued on registration and are presentable on demand. Fines for failure to observe various features range from \$100 and sixty days imprisonment to \$3,000 and two years imprisonment or deportation. It is also provided that "whenever in the judgment of the President, the interests of national defense so require, he may, by proclamation, require all or any part of the aliens required to be registered to report at such times and places as he shall fix."

One provision intended to aid immigrants is that the Governors of each state shall report on opportunities for aliens to settle in their respective states, and the numbers desired, which report shall be forwarded to foreign countries to assist prospective new-comers. Another bill by Congressman John L. Cable of Ohio provides similar

although less extensive requirements, omitting notably the one for report in case of a national defense emergency. The author claims his bill is for voluntary registration, but it reads "every alien lawfully admitted into the United States for permanent residence shall enroll annually." Senator Coleman Blease of South Carolina supports this bill and has one of his own providing only for certificates of admission to newly arrived immigrants without a registration feature.

As present it is provided by law of 1900 that all immigrants entering the United States shall be registered at the port of entry but, according to Congressional authority, officials have failed for many years to register such arrivals or give immigrants certificates of registration. Another law was passed in 1925 again stipulating registration for all aliens, and providing that those entered prior to 1921 but who were without proof of their legal entry might register and receive a certificate. The Cable Bill is intended primarily to care for aliens entered since 1921 who are without proper papers.

Proponents of registration claim it is nothing radical or revolutionary, but based upon a "principle in our American scheme of things." Babies are registered; voters must register; automobile drivers must register; Americans abroad must register; they point out, and add that such requirements are not considered a reflection upon Americans.

"Why," they ask, "should alien registration be considered a reflection upon aliens, many of whom it will help?"

#### MAN SHOULD LIVE FOR 100 YEARS.

##### A NEW RECIPE FOR LONGEVITY.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Men do not die, they kill themselves, according to 96-year old Professor Gueniot, Dean of the Academy of Medicine, Paris.

Retired at the age of 75, Professor Gueniot was honoured recently by his colleagues with a reception held in the Institute. The average life of man could easily be prolonged to 100 years, explained Prof. Gueniot during a conversation. "Men eat too much meat and not enough fruits and vegetables. They drink too much alcohol, which is in itself a poison, and they die from the fermentation and auto-intoxication of too much food."

Prof. Gueniot, in his 96th year, is still actively interested in medicine, and is completing a book called "The Duration of Human Life." "The secret of longevity is, very simple," he says. "One must take very few medicines and complicated treatments, but must follow a severe regime of personal hygiene. I can only point out the antique formula which said men do not die; they kill themselves. Most men poison themselves slowly through bad food. Fruit and vegetables regenerate the organisms."

#### Wine is Beneficial.

Alcohol is dangerous in quantities but the daily consumption of wine is beneficial. Wine is an excellent tonic and an indispensable digestive. I have always drunk wine and I shall continue. "It is essential, however, to breathe deeply. People do not take in enough air in their lungs. The average man absorbed only about a little of air, whereas he should absorb from two to three litres. This is absolutely necessary for purifying the blood, and for the internal nutrition of the tissues caused by the action of oxygen. It is the incomplete supply of air that prevents the destruction of microbes and allows the first breaking down of the tissues paving the way for bronchitis, grippe, and such maladies."

"I believe that man could easily average 100 years of life, and in fact, many could live beyond the century mark."

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### PRINCE'S CAFE

(Next to A.P.C. BUILDING)

To-day's Tiffin—\$1.00

Hors d'Oeuvres

Ham and Vermicelli Consommé

Broiled Fish a la Meunière

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Tea or Coffee

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**OWNER** of a 2½ Lightweight MOTORCYCLE 1927 Model, in Good condition, Electric Light, Speedometer, Pillion and New Tyres, would like to exchange present mount with a good Two stroke, Excelsior preferred. Cash adjustments can be arranged if necessary. Apply Box 9285, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [9285]

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**TO LET**—SHOP in NATHAN ROAD, Kowloon. Excellent Business Locality. Apply—HUMPHREYS STATE & FINANCE CO., LTD., ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. [9248]

**TO LET**, on Lease. SHOP in the Most Central Position of Hong Kong, Facing on Two Main Roads. Early Occupation could be arranged. Rent: Reasonable. Apply Box No 9242, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [9242]

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ARE COMING

BE WISE AND ORDER

NOW COOL AND

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SPECIAL LINE OF SILK

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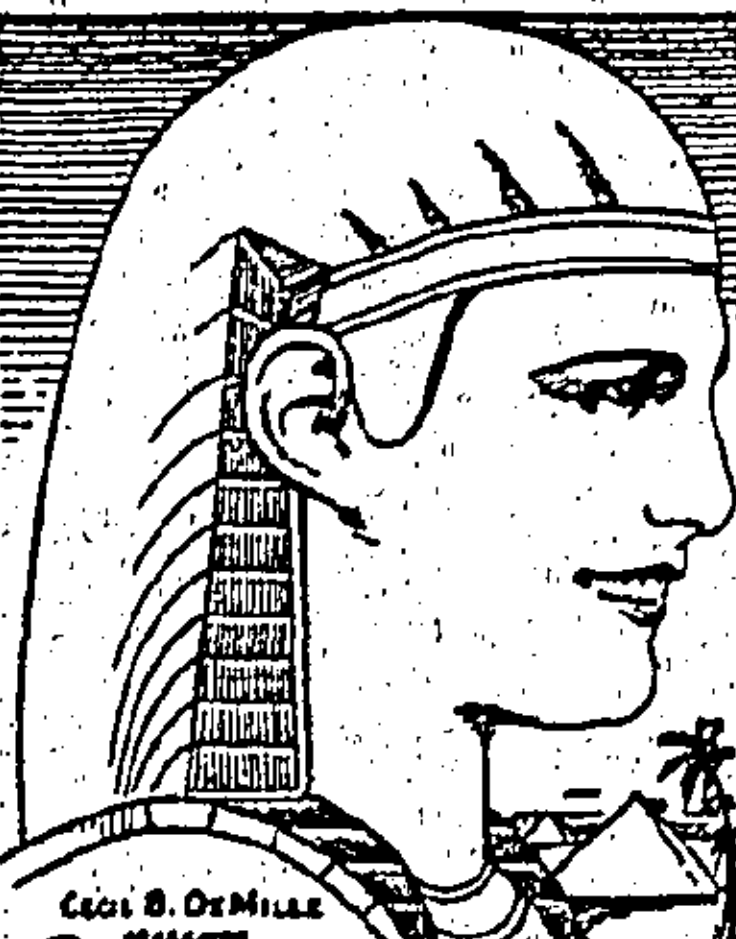
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**W. G. JACKSON, Ltd.** of Carlton House, Regent Street, London, S.W.1, are pleased to announce that they have made many friends by their consistent success in introducing men returning from the East to suitable Directories, Particulars, or Employment at Home. Correspondence with this old-established and reliable House is invited from all others about to return.



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A PAUL FEJOS Production—Presented by CARL LAEMMLE

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## CONRAD NAGEL

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## THE GIRL FROM CHICAGO

with MYRNA LOY

AT THE **STAR** TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY  
At 5.30 & 9.20

YOU'LL LAUGH TILL IT HURTS!

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## SAILOR'S SWEETHEART

with LOUISE FAZENDA—CLYDE COOK

AT THE **WORLD** TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY  
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The Rendezvous for **GOOD REFRESHMENT!**

WHEN YOU ARE ENJOYING THE DELIGHTS OF BATHING & PIONICING AT **REPULSE BAY**

REMEMBER THAT

**LANE CRAWFORD'S** HAVE RE-OPENED THEIR KIOSK AND ARE MAKING A SPECIALITY OF

Iced Drinks, Ices, Cakes, Sandwiches, etc. Dainty Teas can be ordered to be sent down to Your Matshed.

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# At Your Service

For Golf, Tennis or Bowling you want the right kind of shirt

At Mackintosh's you see a variety of them, in all sizes, in all weights. Cut loose, liberal and comfortable, encouraging—as a sports shirt must—freedom of swing, ease of movement. Tailored to look well too.

Your fit is amongst them, so is your choice of material.

The price—\$5.50 to \$13.50, according to the quality of material, less 10% discount for cash.

## Mackintosh's

### HONGKAY SMOKELESS EGGS COAL

FOR HOUSEHOLD USE.

KEEP THE HOUSE CLEAN AND NEAT!

NOTE CHEAP PRICES:—

In lots of not less than half-ton, delivered to:—

	PER TON
Peak District (above Bowen Road)	\$23.00
Bowen Road and Lower Levels	\$21.00
Pokfulum Road	\$23.00
Kowloon	\$19.00

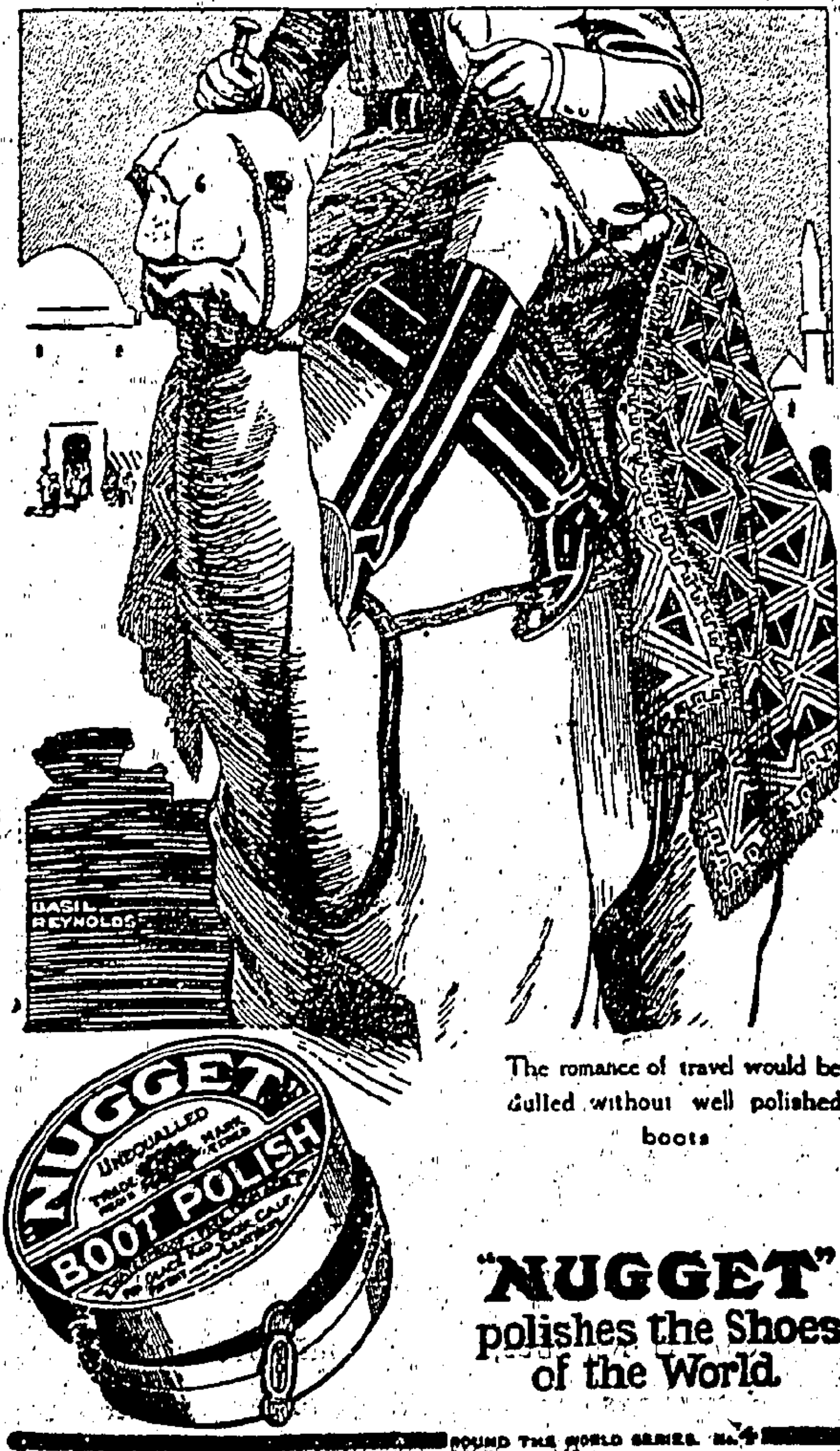
Orders should be sent in writing, not by telephone, at least 24 hours before the coal is required, and orders must be accompanied by cash, cheque, or remittance order payable to SZE WAI & CO.

Please apply for prices of other descriptions of coal for bunker, factory, and other purposes.

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## SZE WAI & CO.

42, BONHAM STREET WEST HONG KONG.  
(CANTON BRANCH—SZE WAI & CO., LOK YU SUM ROAD, CANTON)  
PHONE No. 13650.



The romance of travel would be dulled without well polished boots

## "NUGGET" polishes the Shoes of the World.

ROUND THE WORLD BARBER, N.Y.

### SILVER SLUMP AND CHINA UNREST.

TRADE RESTRICTIONS AS A FACTOR.

HEAD OF BRITISH CHAMBER VOICES SHANGHAI VIEW.

Not the least interesting part of the exhaustive review given by Mr. R. Calder-Marshall, who presided at the 15th annual general meeting of the British Chamber of Commerce in Shanghai on April 15, of commercial and financial conditions in China during the past year was his reference to the drop in the value of silver and its connection with internal conditions in the country. Mr. Calder-Marshall said, in part:—

To the unsettled conditions in the interior and to the restrictions on trade must be attributed in no small degree the depressed state of the silver market and the low exchange. Were trade normally prosperous China could absorb a very considerable quantity of the white metal which now clogs the market; and as the price of silver depends upon supply and demand it seems obvious that there were greater absorptive power in China than exists at present the silver position would show an improvement.

At the request of the Minister of Commerce and Industry the Chamber submitted its views on the silver question. While definitely against any attempt to increase the price of the white metal in China by artificial means, such as duty or embargo on imports, the Chamber strongly advocated the concentration of the energies of the National Government on the few provinces under its control with a view to the removal of restrictions to trade and the stimulation of commerce and industry. Such measures should have the effect of securing prosperity in these provinces and relieving the local silver situation, and the logical result of such concentrated effort should be the spread of prosperity which should be a strong unifying factor, a more lasting unification than could be secured by force, as applied in China.

The fall in the value of silver has accentuated the unsoundness of the system on which the usual indent trade is carried on at present. It has demonstrated the need of arranging some means whereby merchants will be able to secure reliable information not only regarding the finances and standing of the dealers with whom they are doing business but with regard to their commitments also. A knowledge of the value of these latter is essential to the formation of a correct estimate of business which can be done with reasonable safety.

#### Piece Goods Association.

As a result of a suggestion made by this Chamber to the General Chamber, an attempt is now being made to form an Association of Piece Goods Importers. It is hoped not only that the association will be formed but that it will be well and conscientiously supported by all piece goods importers. It is only by co-operative effort of this kind that we can to some extent restrict the activities of unscrupulous dealers of the "Ningpo" type, and at times of market depression avoid undue losses. Unfortunately the commercial morality of the average Chinese dealer has deteriorated very considerably during the past twenty years and it is necessary to adopt some protective measure—protective alike to our interests and the good name of the better class Chinese dealer, whose credit suffers as a result of the actions of dealers whose word and bond are equally unreliable. If we do not take measures to protect ourselves we shall be encouraging others to gamble with our money, taking all the profits and generously allowing us to bear the losses, as has been the case of recent years.

The deterioration in commercial morality is without doubt very largely due to the ineffectiveness of legal action taken before the Provisional Court; for though judgments may be secured they are not made effective.

The functioning of the Provisional Court has become a byword and knowing what little prospect there is of securing redress for evaded obligations, most of us have saved our money and either compromised with the dealers or shouldered the loss rather than attempt to obtain satisfaction through the Courts.

The recent revision of the Provisional Court agreement has been subject of much comment and criticism. The agreement may not be perfect but it must be remembered that even a perfect agreement would be valueless unless those operating it were imbued with the right spirit.

(Continued on next Column.)

### PRINCESS' LIFE IN POVERTY.

DESTITUTE IN TWO ROOMS.

LOST GLORIES.

Story of tragic pride and faded splendour lies behind the sale in America of Napoleon's famous necklace, which was valued at £80,000, on behalf of the Archduchess Maria Theresa—sister-in-law of the late Emperor Francis Joseph—who is now reduced almost to poverty in her old age.

The woman, who is reported to have received only £1,434 for this precious heirloom, was once the most powerful at the brilliant Court of Vienna, and is believed to have held the choice of peace or war for her country in her hands in 1814.

Since the mysterious affair of the necklace she has shut herself up in despair in the two rooms she retained in the immense modern palace in the Favoritenstrasse, the greater part of which is now occupied by business concerns.

Is she paying the price of a great defeat and the verge of ruin?

Hated Serbia.

She is believed to have influenced the old emperor deeply against the Serbs, and it is stated that in 1814 she threw all her influence into the balance to urge the emperor to attack the country she hated.

But the greater part of her family's estates were in Czechoslovakia, and these were confiscated at the end of the war, leaving her almost penniless.

The archduchess refused to bow to fate. She lived almost alone after the death of the Austrian Court official, whom she is believed to have married secretly after her husband died.

She indignantly refused to resign her title and privileges at the request of the first Socialists, Republic in 1918, or to follow the example of the Archduke Francis Salvaator, son-in-law of Francis Joseph, who vowed away the succession of himself and his children for ever.

The archduchess was therefore not supposed to live in Vienna, but even a republic can be chivalrous at times, and especially in the case of a dignified, courageous old aristocrat.

She was born an infant of Portugal, and came to Vienna in her youth to marry the Archduke Charles Louis Hapsburg.

Her striking beauty and magnificent carriage gave her a powerful influence over the Emperor Francis Joseph, and it was only due to her intervention that the heir to the throne, the Archduke Francis Ferdinand, whose murder at Sarajevo precipitated the war, was enabled to marry the woman he loved, the Duchess Hohenberg, whom the Court considered of inferior station.

In the past, as has been said, the functioning of the Provisional Court has been most unsatisfactory and it remains to be seen whether under the new agreement there will be any improvement. A court free from political interference and administering justice impartially and expeditiously would be a boon to commerce and would do much to establish a feeling of confidence which at the moment is sadly lacking. The future will tell.

The unilateral declaration by the Nanking Government on December 23, 1929, abolishing the extraterritorial privileges enjoyed by British and some other nationals on January 1, 1930, has made no difference whatsoever regarding the extraterritorial status of British nationals in China and does not modify in any way the oft-repeated policy of H.M. Government regarding China.

In accordance with arrangements, negotiations for the gradual abolition of extraterritoriality were about to be started and as Mr. Arthur Henderson pointed out at the London Conference merely accepted January 1, 1930, as the date on which such negotiations were to be commenced.

Though preliminary negotiations have already been opened with Nanking it would appear that further progress must be delayed owing to the fact that while the negotiations are concerned with the extraterritorial privileges of British nationals throughout China, the Nanking Government has, at the moment, only partial control over this area and cannot consequently give such definite assurances and pledges as must be required.

(Continued on next Column.)

## Great Music by Great Artists

Lovers of the best piano and orchestral music will welcome this month's release of Victor Red Seal Records. The outstanding features are Schumann's "Carnaval" completely recorded by Rachmaninoff, and a Mozart symphony played by Toscanini and the New York Philharmonic-Symphony Orchestra. Both of these pieces have been popular on the respective programs of these artists. Whether or not you have heard their spirited interpretations, you will want to own their records so that you can listen to them again and again. And those who go in for modern opera will be delighted to know of the arrival of an album of records from Debussy's famous "Pelléas et Mélisande." We cordially invite you to call at our store. We will gladly play these or any other Victor records for you.

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Adagio (from Concerto in C Major) (Mozart) Violin Sarabande and Tambourin (Lecclair-Sarasate) MASTER YEHUDI MENDELSON. No. 7182, 12-inch.

Don Carlos—O don fatale (Oh, Fatal Gift) (Verdi) (Act 3) La Favorita—O mio Fernando (Oh, Dearest Ferdinand) (Donizetti) (Act 3) SIGRID ONCEIN. No. 7191, 12-inch.

Élégie—Parts 1 and 2 (from String Serenade, in C Major) (Tschai-kowsky, Op. 48) FABIEN SEVITZKY AND THE PHILADELPHIA CHAMBER STRING SYMPHONETTA. No. 4151, 10-inch.

Andrea Chénier—Un di all'azzurro spazio (Once O'er the Azure Fields) (Giordano) (Act 1) La Fanciulla del West—Ch'ella mi creda libero (The Girl of the Golden West—Let Her Believe) (Puccini) (Act 3) ARMAND TORANTAN. No. 7183, 12-inch.

All Through the Night (Bonheur—Old Welsh Air) My Lovely Celia (Old English) (Monro-arr. H. L. Wilson) RENEWAL VENTURE. No. 1443, 10-inch.

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### "SEE AMERICA LAST."

INTERESTING U.S. TRAVEL FIGURES.

[UNITED PRESS.]

In view of the recent visits to the Colony of several round-the-world tourist ships, the following statistics giving the figures and details of American travellers are of interest.

Disregarding the slogan "See America First," more native-born United States citizens visited foreign countries during 1929 than naturalized citizens who made visits to their homelands, according to a passport survey compiled by the Department of State.

The report showed that of 198,920 citizens who were granted passports during the calendar year of 1929, 110,084 of them were native born and 88,836 were naturalized American citizens. That tourists comprised nearly half of the total was shown in the tabulation of "Object of Travel," which showed that 94,054 or 47.76 per cent listed their object as "travel," and the larger part of the remainder, or 24,690 per cent, their object as "family affairs," indicating that this number was made up mostly by the naturalized Americans who returned to their native countries during the year.

As to destination, Western Europe drew 80 or 85 per cent of the total. A total of 133,470, or 67.78 per cent, listed Western Europe as their destination, and the Department report stated that it is believed that practically all of an additional 34,737 or 18.65 per cent, who listed "all countries" as their destination, should come under the heading of Western Europe. Eastern Europe, with a total of 10,915, or 5.59 per cent, drew more visitors than Latin America, Mexico and the West Indies, which were combined together with a total of 8,074, or 4.10 per cent. The number listed for the Far East and East Indies, combined was 4,728, or 2.40 per cent.

Twenty seven occupations, the classification "none" and that of "miscellaneous," the latter meaning all occupations not otherwise specified, were listed under the heading of "Occupations." The "none" classification headed this list, with a total of 23,428 or 13.42 per cent. It is believed that most of these were retired business or

(Continued on next Column.)

### "PRIVATE LIFE OF THE MOVIE."

FARCICAL CENSORSHIP IN AMERICA.

NO FLASKS, KISSES OR TIGHT TROUSERS!

[UNITED PRESS.]

New York, February 28.—One state's treat is another state's poison when it comes to movie censorship, according to an investigation just completed, and, whereas in Kansas the word "whisky" is eliminated from all subtitles and no character is allowed to be shown thumbing his nose at anything, in New York nose-thumbing and whisky are permitted but no colloquial character under any circumstances is allowed to pass an ugly remark about politicians.

Pure Lorentz, motion picture critic of the magazine "Judge" and Morris L. Ernst, prominent "liberal" lawyer, told the United Press that they have spent a strenuous and occasionally hilarious year in attempting to classify and arrange for public consumption the idiosyncrasies of the boards of movie censorship in the United States. They found out some odd goings-on, which they believe explain the low estate, artistically speaking, in which the celluloid drama reposes. The results of their labours are gathered in a volume called

professional men and women who were doing their travelling after finishing their life's work. "Housewives" comprised the next highest figure, 23,947, or 12.18 per cent. Those under the "miscellaneous" classification came next, with 20,914, or 10.62 per cent.

It was interesting to note that next to these three rather indefinite classes, ordinary labourers comprised the next highest number, 16,345, 8.30 per cent, proving that a large number of the labouring class in America can save enough money for trips abroad. Ordinary labourers were listed separately from skilled labourers, the latter numbering 6,065, or 3.09 per cent. Students made up the largest number next to labourers, with 11,028, or 5.60 per cent, followed by teachers with 10,792 or 5.48 per cent. Next in order came clerks and secretaries, listed together, totalling 10,910, or 5.54 per cent. Writers, reporters and priests were not extensive travellers, being the three lowest figures of the twenty four classifications.

Censored; The Private Life of the Movie.

Six states have boards of movie censorship, according to Messrs. Ernst and Lorentz, and the worthies on these six boards carry the burdens of the nation's surrounding states, unwilling to take the responsibility, depend upon their favorite board among the six for decisions. Thus West Virginia usually leans upon the standards of the Pennsylvania board, Missouri takes the Kansas board's deletions as a sufficient safeguard, and so on.

Sweethearts Must Not Run.

As a result of this trusting attitude, West Virginia for instance, is preserved from scenes in a movie depicting a lover advancing toward his sweetheart at a gallop because in Pennsylvania sweethearts must walk, not run, toward each other. Likewise Missouri is forefended from nose-thumbings and all scenes showing flasks or bottles, and was on one occasion, at least deprived of the necessity of choking back its emotions at a close-up of a hairpin. This because all such are anathema to Kansas censors.

In stately Virginia, celluloid depicting chorus girls kicking bare legs has been forbidden as has also scenes in which a lady, intent upon making herself beautiful, combed her hair in front of her dressing table mirror. In Ohio the customers, among other things, were deprived of the spectacle of a duchess at ease with one leg on a chair. Also actors are forbidden to leer at Salvation Army lassies in Ohio, no matter if the lassie is a well-known Hollywood star and the leer is more or less intimately connected with the plot. In the case of David Wark Griffith's "Drums of Love," the disappearance of continuity in Ohio showings at some points may be explained by a blanket order deleting scenes showing the hero "in tight trousers."

Maryland censors do not object to kisses, but they object to kisses which find their target on the neck. More than 100 kisses on the neck were cut from movies during six months of the Maryland crusade against neck-kissing.

Because of the present rage for gangster and "racketeer" films, however, the New York board of censors has been experiencing one of the busiest years. In the movie, "Me, Gangster," they changed the title: "No more work for me now—I've got a real politician's job," to read: "Good news—a politician's got me a real job."

Items involving crime caused 68 percent of the cuts, sex next, "taste" next, government next and religion—slightly more than half of one per cent.



## BRITISH INTERESTS IN CHINA ARE TRADING INTERESTS ONLY.

NO POLITICAL OR TERRITORIAL AIMS, SAYS SHANGHAI CONSUL-GENERAL.

### SIGNIFICANT DELIVERY BEFORE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The 15th annual general meeting of the British Chamber of Commerce in Shanghai, which was held on April 15 at the Shanghai Club, was noteworthy in that an important pronouncement was made by Mr. J. F. Brennan, H.M. Consul-General in Shanghai, on present conditions and future prospects in China, in the course of which the keynote of the British Government's policy towards the aspirations of the Government and people of China was explained in unambiguous terms. At the conclusion of Mr. Brennan's address, the Chairman, Mr. R. Calder-Marshall, thanked him on behalf of those present. "However," added the Chairman, "although we all do our best to co-operate with China, and although co-operation implies two people working together with the same aim, it appears that we occasionally are expected to do all the co-operating, and the Chinese do not do their share."

### MR. J. F. BRENNAN'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Brennan said:—Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: I should like to say first of all that I am very glad to have this opportunity, at the beginning of my term of service here, to meet the leading representatives of the British commercial community in Shanghai.

Although it is only recently that I arrived from home, I do not come among you as a stranger for I have been stationed in Shanghai before, and I see around me many friends of former days of my recent time in the south of China. Those whom I have not yet had the pleasure of meeting, I hope to get to know well in the near future, for my duties will consist principally in working with you and for you in the interests of British trade and commerce.

#### Trade Foremost.

It is an oft-repeated platitude that we are here for trade. That is to say that the chief British interests in China are trading interests. We have no political or territorial ambitions in this part of the world. There are, of course, British subjects in China who are pursuing legitimate interests other than trade, and who are doing admirable work in other lines. But so far as they look to support from the home country, they are inevitably subordinated to the exigencies of trade. That, gentlemen, I take to be the principle underlying the attitude of the British Government to all China questions. In these days of financial stringency and unemployment in Great Britain the maintenance and increase of our exports, the keeping of old markets and the development of new ones is a matter of vital necessity, and any policy which seems likely to achieve the object will inevitably prevail over a course of action that might endanger it, even if it be for the comfort and convenience of British subjects resident in this country, or for the support of purely local interests.

And that is a statement of our objects for which we need make no excuse nor feel any shame. We are the Chinese themselves. The most ardent nationalist patriot need feel no irritation or humiliation at our desire to trade with him. Commerce is carried on between free and equal countries and does not of itself imply any interference with each other's internal affairs if both are prepared to accord to trade and merchants the protection usually afforded by civilized nations.

#### Duties of Consuls.

Consuls are appointed to assist in the process, and their functions, especially in China, are to act as a medium of communication between the nationals and the local authorities. Their duties are many and various and vary in importance in different countries. In China, owing to the force of circumstances, consular officers have in the past been invested with powers of a judicial and political nature and have often had to assume heavy responsibilities towards their own nationals and the Chinese officials, but speaking for myself and my colleagues in the consular service, I can assure you that we regard it as our principal duty to try and maintain such an amicable state of relations with the Chinese authorities as will enable you to conduct your business to the best advantage and with the least possible interference from political causes.

In a country torn by civil war and in the throes of a revolution that is no easy task, and at times it has unfortunately been impossible, but even in the worst periods, that was the aim we kept before our eyes.

#### Friendly Terms.

It is also a platitude, though one more apt to be forgotten in times of stress, that in order to trade with people, you have to keep on reasonably friendly terms with them. To apply the maxim to our own case, we have to see to it that

our conduct and attitude are not such as to cause serious resentment among the majority of educated and politically minded Chinese.

Owing to a variety of causes, there has in recent years been a remarkable growth of national sentiment in China. There has been in all oriental countries. You see the same thing in Egypt, India, the Philippines and elsewhere. It is a world movement and China is in the swim. The growth of the Press, the spread of education on Western lines and an intensive propaganda by the Nationalist party and others has enormously increased the number of politically conscious individuals, who take more or less of an interest in the foreign affairs of their country. It is often not a very well informed interest, and sometimes it is grotesquely prejudiced, but in the mass it is powerful, and can be dangerous, and it has to be taken into serious consideration.

This is not to say that we must not protect ourselves against outrage and insult, such as are liable to occur in times of actual rioting and turmoil. We have done so in the past and I trust we shall continue to do so in the future. I believe, however, that such acts are equally deplored by decent Chinese, and that such reasonable action as we may take to protect ourselves is not resented by them, when the heat of the moment is past. I am a believer in the essential decency and commonsense of the Chinese and their fair-mindedness when they learn the facts, and these come out sooner or later. Such at all events has been my experience.

#### Chinese Desire for Change.

As regards those wider questions involving the continuance of foreign privileges derived from the treaties, you will appreciate, gentlemen, that I am not at present in a position to say anything very definite beyond remarking that Sir Miles Lampson will arrive in Nanking in a couple of days, where he will discuss with the Chinese Government certain important questions, the nature of which is already known to you. But here again, the truism that friendly relations are necessary to trade must not be forgotten. If the majority of the educated and politically minded Chinese desire, or are made by propaganda and other means, to feel that they desire, certain changes in the status of foreigners in this country, that sentiment cannot be simply ignored because it is inconvenient to the foreigners concerned, or because the latter consider the time not yet ripe. Based as it is on national pride and self-esteem, it is likely to increase rather than diminish with the passing of time and it will only be intensified by opposition.

It can perhaps be resisted, for a while and in certain places, by force but as you well know force is an expensive and double-edged weapon and can in the long run be as harmful to the user as to those on whom it is used. And in any case its application is liable to cause a feeling of intense resentment which results in the dislocation of trade and the bringing about of that very state of affairs which it is our aim to avoid.

Of course, in our case, the force is there and in extreme necessity it can and has been used, but it is better, if possible, to employ the more intelligent and statesmanlike method of foreseeing the direction of a strong national movement is taking and adjusting our relations towards it gradually, so that the inevitable transition period causes the least dislocation possible. That is what we are doing in other parts of the world and what we shall try to do here.

I would only repeat that in this as in other matters the authorities concerned have to take into consideration not only the state of feeling in this country and the strength of that national sentiment to which I referred, but also the conditions and the popular attitude

(Continued on next column.)

## BURGLAR LEAVES BOOTY BEHIND.

SHIP'S COMPANY MAN SAVAGELY ATTACKED.

### CHOPPER USED BY THUG IN EARLY HOURS.

A report has been made to the Police to the effect that in the early hours of yesterday morning someone entered the premises of the Chinese branch office of the China Navigation Company at No. 3 Des Vaux Road West, with the intention of stealing the money kept in the Company's safe. The visit was probably made by someone who had knowledge of large sums (\$9,533.78) in the safe at the time of the robbery, as the money could not be banked during the holidays.

The manner in which the robber effected his entry is not known, but when the Police arrived at the premises soon after the affair, they saw envelopes, containing the money, strewn on the floor, leading a trail to the first floor verandah and then on to the second floor verandah of an adjoining building. This may be a clue indicating the direction of the robber's escape.

The incident probably has assumed a serious aspect, as the accountant of the Company, Mr. Wong Lai Woo, who was sleeping at the time, was pounced upon by the thief, who inflicted such vicious wounds on Mr. Wong that he had to be removed to hospital at once.

The intruder broke into the premises at about 3.40 a.m. yesterday and, after attacking the accountant, whose keys he took, the man opened the safe and abstracted the contents, which included \$9,533.78 in cash. It appears that at this stage the man became alarmed, for he seemed to have made a hurried escape, without even taking the money which, together with other papers, was lying on the floor when the Police arrived on the scene. The chopper used by the robber was also found on the premises and bore plain evidence of the attack made on the accountant. The hands of the criminal were probably smeared with blood, as the Police found blood-stained marks on woodwork and other places touched by the robber in his flight.

Mr. Wong Lai Woo, who is suffering from wounds in the head, is 34 years of age. He was not able to give a description of the thug to the Police beyond the fact that his assailant was dressed in black.

### CONFIDENCE TRICK.

ARTFUL THIEVES AT YAUMATEI.

A report has been made to the Police by Lin Siu, accountant of the Shui Shing piece goods shop at 681, Shanghai Street, Yaumatei, that at 6 p.m. on Sunday three Chinese entered his shop and ordered 80 yards of silk and white gauze cloth (value \$80) to be delivered to them at the Kum Toi Hotel in Yaumatei. The shop coolie called at the address given and handed over the cloth to the men. He was asked to wait outside for a few minutes for his money. The tricksters in the meanwhile had taken advantage of these few moments to make good their escape.

at home and throughout the civilized world toward such questions, and to do their best to achieve a satisfactory solution of the difficulties as they can, having regard to all the circumstances.

#### Obstacles to be Overcome.

Some of you perhaps regard the future with misgiving, but to such of you I would point out that China has always been a great trading nation and so have we, and although I do not deny that there are dangers and difficulties ahead, I decline utterly to believe that these will be sufficient to prevent a steady increase of trade between the two countries. Altered conditions may to some extent dislocate existing arrangements, but these are obstacles to be overcome by taking thought and working hard. The pluck and tenacity of the British merchants, who carried on their business during these years of revolution, when faced with boycott, civil war and piracy, is worthy of all praise and admiration. These qualities combined with the enterprise and integrity that have always distinguished our people, will surely secure for them a large share in this growing market of China.

The Chinese standard of living is rising steadily in spite of internal warfare, and the consequent demand for foreign goods is reflected in the ever increasing figures of the Customs returns. There is, I believe, a prosperous future for those who are flexible enough to adapt themselves to altered circumstances and to create new channels in which the growing stream of trade can flow.

### LOCAL WEDDING.

MR. C. M. CORREA AND MISS JULIA SOARES.

The Very Rev. Fr. G. M. Spada officiated at Rosary Church, Kowloon, yesterday, at the marriage of Mr. C. M. Correa, of Shanghai, and Miss Julia Soares, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. de V. Soares, of 2, Liberty Avenue, Kowloon.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a dress of chiton and shadow chintilly lace, and a crown of pearls and orange blossom. She carried a bouquet of roses.

The bridesmaids, Miss Millie Encarnacao (maid of honour), Miss Celeste Figueiredo, and Miss Ena Danenberg, wore dresses of yellow georgette, and carried bouquets of dahlias.

The bride's mother's dress was of black Guipure lace and georgette. Mrs. G. V. de Silva was matron of honour. Mr. C. A. da Rosa (acting Consul-General for Portugal) was the bride's "best man," and Mr. A. A. R. Botelho discharged the duties of "best man" for the groom.

The reception was held at the bride's parents' house, 2, Liberty Avenue, Homantin, where many friends gathered to wish the happy couple good fortune and happiness.

Mr. and Mrs. Correa later left for Repulse Bay, where part of their honeymoon will be spent. Before proceeding to Shanghai, where the couple will settle down, they will visit Canton and Macao. The bride's going-away costume was of printed chiffon, with a dainty cape to match.

### A FORTUNE-TELLER'S UNDOING.

THREE PIECES OF PAPER FOR DOLLAR NOTES.

Two months' imprisonment was the sentence passed by Mr. Whyte-Smith yesterday on a Chinese fortune-teller who obtained \$3 from a woman by means of a trick.

It was stated that the woman went to consult the man and asked him to help her pick some lucky numbers in a lottery. He then asked her for \$3 in notes, saying that he would seal them in an envelope and that she was not to open the envelope till Sunday evening, when she was to pay the lottery ticket with the \$3. However, the woman's curiosity got the better of her and no sooner did she get home than she opened the envelope, only to find that it contained three pieces of paper! She then made a report to the police, and the unsuspecting fortune-teller was later found in his stall, "carrying on business as usual," and was arrested.

### BURGLAR'S TRICK.

SIMPLE BUT EFFECTIVE DEVICE.

A well-known trick employed by burglars in stealing clothing and other property was described at the Central Magistracy when Lo Chun, was charged with stealing clothing from the inmates of 351, Des Vaux Road West, 4th floor, at 4 a.m. on Sunday.

Defendant entered the adjacent vacant house. Stretching a bamboo pole through an open window into a room next door he succeeded in lifting several articles of clothing before he was discovered. An alarm was raised and the thief was subsequently caught by a Chinese constable.

Accused, who had two previous convictions on record, one for stealing and the other for fighting, was sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment by the Magistrate, Mr. R. E. Lindell.

### EXPLOSION ABOARD STEAM LAUNCH.

FOUL PLAY BY GANG OF INTIMIDATORS.

According to a Chinese paper, an explosion occurred on board the steam launch Tung Chang while on its way to Canton from Chungshan last Friday. It appears that as the vessel was nearing Shahu, a detonation was heard, when the passengers were thrown into a state of terror. The whole vessel was shaken by the force of the explosion. It was alleged by a passenger that a man was seen to light something, presumably the explosives, and then jump overboard. The explosion occurred almost instantly.

It is understood that the proprietor of the vessel had previously received a threatening letter from a gang of robbers demanding a large sum of money, but he turned a deaf ear to it. The outrage is believed to have been the result of this.

In consequence of the incident, five passengers were injured and rushed to hospital. One of them was seriously hurt, while the other received only minor injuries.

### THEIVING COOKS GIVEN GAOL.

ATTEMPT TO DEFRAUD PEAK STORES.

Before Mr. A. W. G. H. Grant-ham yesterday at the Central Magistracy, two Chinese assistant cooks employed at 177, The Peak, by Mr. J. J. Patterson, of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., were charged with conspiracy to defraud. The first accused was further charged with attempting to obtain goods worth \$300 from Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Peak Store.

Mr. J. C. Wilkinson, manager of the Peak Store, said that at 12.30 p.m. on Saturday his "boy" handed him a pass book in the name of Mr. J. P. Warren, calling for certain items to be delivered. Witness decided to see the servant before delivering the goods. The first accused was then pointed out to him. Witness enquired why he should be using Mr. Warren's pass-book when he was not employed by him. Defendant replied that he was doing it as a favor for another "boy" whom he met at the Peak Tram Station. Witness did not believe defendant, who was later handed over to the Police.

Mr. Warren said that all the entries in his pass-book were practically always written up by himself, and he could definitely say that the last few entries were not his. The pass-book, witness added, was lost on Friday morning.

The second defendant told the Magistrate that he picked up the book near his master's premises and took it back to his quarters and showed it to the first defendant. The latter entered up something in the book and went out.

The first defendant said that the second defendant asked him to write up the entries, as he (second accused) did not know how to write in English.

The Magistrate convicted both men and passed sentence of three months' hard labour on each accused.

### PIONEER SILK STORE SHOPLIFTING.

YOUNG THIEF RECEIVES 12 STROKES.

The two Chinese who were arrested for an alleged theft of two rolls of silk from the Pioneer Silk Store of Des Vaux Road Central on the evening of the 17th instant, appeared before Mr. A. G. H. Grant-ham at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Mr. Fathey Chand, sub-manager of the Store, gave evidence that both defendants came into the shop at the same time, and in compliance with their request were shown two rolls of silk by a salesman. The defendants were not satisfied with the silk exhibited and asked for further stocks to be shown. When the salesman was away to fetch more material, the boy, the second defendant, took two rolls of silk from the counter and hid them under his jacket. The first defendant appeared to be shielding the second defendant while the latter was engaged in committing the theft. Witness, who was sitting some distance away, was able to see all these proceedings through a mirror.

Replying to the Magistrate, witness said that the first defendant's back was towards the small boy when the larceny was committed and could not see what was going on behind.

The Magistrate found the boy guilty of the charge and gave him 12 strokes of the birch.

The first defendant, who was a returned banished, was acquitted of the charge of larceny but was sentenced to six months' imprisonment and given 20 strokes of the birch for returning to the Colony, after he had been banished for life in 1924.

### A DOCTOR DEFRAUDED.

INDIAN YOUTH SENTENCED.

Before Mr. R. E. Lindell at the Central Magistracy yesterday, an Indian youth, Abdul Latif Rummah, was charged with fraud, as under:—

(1) that he between July 27, 1929, and March 8, 1930, obtained by false pretences, from Dr. Obrensky, of 13, Quarry Point, the sum of \$1,850 by pretending that he had been sent by Sergt. S. Whant of the Police; and

(2) that he on April 2, 1930, obtained the sum of \$200 from Dr. Obrensky by means of a forged letter purporting to bear the signature of Sergt. Whant.

Accused pleaded guilty to both charges. Mr. T. Murphy, A.S.P., who prosecuted, said that the accused told Dr. Obrensky that he required money for his repatriation. He alleged that he was sent to Singapore by the Police, but his presence was not wanted there. The Police, he said, intended to send him to Samoa instead.

Defendant's record showed that he was in gaol for two months in 1925 for possession of stolen goods. The Magistrate sentenced defendant to one year's hard labour on both charges.



Discriminating men choose "Powell's" for their tailors—they know that for style, character and durability there is none better.

The new range of suitings for the Spring contains a number of exceedingly smart designs and colourings which will prove very popular this season.

As regards price we have the quality at the price you wish to pay. Let us show you the cloths.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

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**SOLO**

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Records

**A Marvellous**  
**Recording in**  
**LYONS CATHEDRAL**

9762—CHOPIN'S FUNERAL MARCH.  
9497—TOCCATA.  
9693—PASTORALE.

**The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.**

## SNAPPY

## BATHING COSTUMES.

\$7.50

TO

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TO

46

We have a large and varied selection of really smart Bathing Costumes. All the newest designs and styles at reasonable prices.

**LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.**

MEN'S WEAR STYLISTS.



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## NOTICE.

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.  
NO LATE CARS Will Run After  
12.05 on The NIGHT of  
TUESDAY, THE 22nd. 19327

## NOTICE.

HONG KONG WATER POLO  
LEAGUE.  
TWO DIVISIONS will be Run  
This Year  
SENIOR AND JUNIOR.

ENTRIES CLOSE at the Victoria  
Recreation Club on SATURDAY,  
10th MAY, 1930, at 6 p.m.

Affiliation Fee to Association... \$2.00  
Annual Subscription... \$2.00  
Entrance Fee to Senior Division... \$10.00  
Entrance Fee to Junior Division... \$5.00  
Fees MUST be Enclosed with Entry.  
Entries Otherwise Will Not be Entertained.  
JAMES STEWART,  
Hon. Secretary.  
9330]

HUMPHREYS ESTATE &  
FINANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
that the ANNUAL ORDINARY  
GENERAL MEETING of SHARE-  
HOLDERS of the HONG KONG  
ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION  
COMPANY, LIMITED, will be  
held in the BOARD ROOM of Messrs  
SHEWAN TOMES & CO., St. George's  
Building, 22nd April, 1930,  
at 12 O'Clock Noon, for the purpose  
of receiving the Report of the Board  
and Statement of Accounts for the Year  
ended 31st December, 1929.

The Transfer Books of the Company  
will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 28th  
APRIL to WEDNESDAY, 7th MAY,  
Both Days inclusive.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,  
General Managers.  
Hong Kong, 22nd Apr., 1930. 19338

HONG KONG ENGINEERING &  
CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
that the EIGHTH ORDINARY  
YEARLY MEETING of SHARE-  
HOLDERS of the HONG KONG  
ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION  
COMPANY, LIMITED, will be  
held in the BOARD ROOM of Messrs  
SHEWAN TOMES & CO., St. George's  
Building, 22nd April, 1930,  
at 12 O'Clock Noon, for the purpose  
of receiving the Report of the Board  
and Statement of Accounts for the Year  
ended 31st December, 1929, and electing  
Directors and Auditors.

N.B.—A Private Meeting of Share-  
holders will be held immediately after  
the Ordinary Yearly Meeting to discuss  
the Future Prospects of the Company.  
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the  
Company will be CLOSED from  
the 10th to the 22nd APRIL, 1930,  
Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,  
B. ALVES,  
Secretary.  
Hong Kong, April 7th, 1930. 19367

HONG KONG WAR MEMORIAL.

THE Laying of the FOUNDATION  
STONE of the WAR MEMO-  
RIAL NURSING HOME by Mrs. W.  
T. SOUTHWORTH will take place on THURS-  
DAY, 24th APRIL, 1930, at 4 p.m.  
Cards of invitation have been sent to  
all SUBSCRIBERS of the Company.  
The public are cordially invited to be present.

By Order of the Committee,  
LINFLEAD & DAVIS,  
Secretaries.  
Hong Kong, 17th Apr., 1930. 19320

Worth a hundred dollars, but the price  
is only ten. A large volume of 630 pages  
has just been written by Mr. Ernest Watson,  
Tariff Expert, Chinese Maritime Customs.

## THE PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF CHINESE COMMERCE (Import & Export)

\$10.

This valuable work written at the special request of the  
Inspector General for the use of the Examiners in the  
Customs Service gives a description of the origin, appearance,  
characteristics, and general properties of each commodity; an  
account of the methods of preparation or manufacture;  
together with various tests, etc., by means of which the  
different products may be readily identified.

We expect a very rapid sale of this valuable work.

Buy it now before it goes out of print again.

The first edition sold out in two months.

KELLY & WALSH, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong).

## IT NEVER VARIES!



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MEDALS.

SOLE AGENTS—  
A. S. WATSON  
& CO., LTD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.  
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CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-  
ORIENT.

MORTGAGE BANK AND ESTATE  
AGENTS.

"PEAK MANSIONS"  
Six-roomed & Five-roomed Apartments.

PRINCE EDWARD ROAD,  
KOWLOON,  
Detached and Semi-detached Villas  
Modern Construction with Garage.

"CAMBAY BUILDINGS"  
Flats with Modern Conveniences.

## WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, fore-  
cast and remarks, issued by the  
Royal Observatory at 6.10 p.m.,  
stated:—

A feeble anticyclone is central  
over East China. The northern de-  
pression is moving N.E. and is now  
central to the N.W. of Hakodate.  
The depression in the China Sea  
appears to be nearly stationary  
about 250 miles to the south of the  
Maclesfield. There are indications  
of a depression forming over  
Tongking.

Local Forecast:—E. winds;  
moderate; fine to cloudy.

## BIRTH.

ARCHBUTT.—On April 19, at the  
Peak Hospital, wife of G. S.  
Archbutt, a daughter. [637]

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

The marriage arranged between Mr.  
CECIL GRAHAM PERDUE and Miss  
MARGARET KNIGHT NORTH will  
take place on Saturday, May 3,  
at 11 a.m. at the Peninsula Hotel, 1st  
floor, at which all friends will  
be welcome. [635]

Editorial and Business Offices: 11,  
Ice House Street. Tel. Central  
12.  
Night Editor (Wanchai Office):  
Tel. Central 4311.  
London Office: 53, Fleet Street,  
E.C. 4.

## The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, APRIL 22, 1930.

## THE TROUBLE IN INDIA.

"We are faced with a situation  
which no Government can ignore,"  
declared Mr. LANSBURY in speaking  
on the unrest in India. The  
Labour Government realises—just  
as a Conservative or Liberal Ad-  
ministration would realise—that a  
definite and determined movement  
to defy existing authority cannot  
be permitted to go on without steps  
being taken to resist it. Those re-  
sponsible for the administration of  
Indian affairs are deserving—as  
Mr. LANSBURY said—of the sym-  
pathy and encouragement of all in  
the very difficult position they have  
to face. Addressing his followers  
on the eve of his march, GANDHI  
said: "Our case is strong; our  
weapons are non-violence, truth,  
and suffering, and God is on our  
side," and he exhorted those taking  
part in the campaign to despise  
the law wherever possible. The  
immediate object of GANDHI's cam-  
paign is an attack on the Govern-  
ment's salt monopoly, and he sug-  
gested three ways in which the  
Salt Act would be broken, namely—  
by the people manufacturing salt  
wherever possible; removing salt  
without paying tax, and giving it  
away to others. All of these con-  
stitute offences under the Act, and  
such a campaign was bound to be  
divested of its non-violent character  
before many weeks.

Influenced by extremists who will  
brook no delay, GANDHI determined  
to break the law. This is the sole  
object of his action, for any sale  
of his followers may obtain from the  
sea will be neither good for man  
nor beast. He left no loophole for  
conciliation or compromise. He  
will defy the law, he says, unless  
the present Constitution is changed,  
and the British surrender every  
scrap of responsibility for the  
Government of India. GANDHI him-  
self must realise that under no  
circumstances will the British re-  
lease the reins of Government and  
march out of India, and this is the  
one powerful reason why the cam-  
paign was doomed to failure before  
it was launched.

In all his recent speeches the  
Viceroy has made it clear that  
while he is intensely anxious for  
the success of the Round Table Con-  
ference, in which Congress leaders  
were invited to participate, he is  
not prepared to surrender his  
primary duty to maintain law and  
order in the country. During the  
last few months the Government  
has been urged to "get out or  
govern," and on all sides the  
prestige of the Government would  
suffer an irreparable blow if  
GANDHI or any of his followers  
were allowed to break the law with  
impunity. Another big factor  
which must operate against the  
success of the campaign is that  
active participation in GANDHI's  
march is confined almost entirely to  
Hindus. Not a single big Moslem  
leader is actively associated with  
the campaign, and the rank and file  
are displaying no active interest  
in the proceedings. The extremist

movement in India is rapidly be-  
coming an exclusive Hindu affair,  
and until Hindus and Moslems  
have reached some common measure  
of agreement on communal problems  
it will be highly difficult to devise  
a system of Dominion Status accept-  
able to both communities.

As for the Indian National Con-  
gress, which on its own statement  
represents only 500,000 people of  
a population of over three hundred  
million, it has become a revolu-  
tionary organization, and can no  
longer be said to be working for  
constitutional reform. True, it is  
the only big political group in the  
country with any organization for  
the manufacture of Indian public  
opinion, but its character and out-  
look have changed, and with the  
advent of Pandit JAWAHARLAL  
NEHRU as President its activities  
have passed into the hands of ex-  
tremists. On the other hand there  
are plenty of moderate leaders of  
isolated groups willing to accept  
the Round Table Conference and  
who are ready and anxious to co-  
operate with Britain in framing  
the next Constitution for India.  
But such leaders lack an organiza-  
tion, and India's urgent need is  
an amalgamation of the moderate  
forces to counteract a campaign  
which threatens to widen still  
more the gap between Hindus and  
Moslems. In private discussions  
practically every moderate leader  
admits that India is not yet ripe  
even for Dominion Status, and  
that to confer it immediately would  
bring overwhelming disaster to  
everything that India cherishes.  
The Round Table Conference in  
London which is to follow the  
publication of the Simon Commis-  
sion's Report gave Indian leaders  
the opportunity to co-operate in  
the framing of a new Constitution  
acceptable to all castes and creeds.  
Admittedly it is a difficult task,  
but it has been rendered more  
difficult by the refusal of GANDHI  
and his followers to join hands  
with those who do still believe the  
British connection as essential to  
India's welfare and prosperity.

## News and Views.

Mr. Herbert Heald, a prominent  
lumber merchant of the Philippines,  
is at present on a business visit to  
Hong Kong.

Mr. A. Valentini, Consul for  
France in the Philippines, passed  
through Hong Kong last Sunday on  
his way to Paris.

Mr. M. Manuk, secretary of the  
Dairy Farm Ice and Cold Storage  
Co., is leaving to-day on the Presi-  
dent Lincoln for Shanghai.

Lieut.-Comdr. Stanley M. Mathes,  
Chief Disbursing Officer, U.S.  
Navy, at Manila, passed through  
Hong Kong last Sunday en route to  
San Diego, California.

Mr. Robert Sutherland, Mrs.  
Mina Sutherland, Mr. Eleversen  
Steward, Mr. John Fraser and Mr.  
George Davis arrived in Hong  
Kong by the s.s. Isar on April 20.

On being found guilty of the theft  
of a packet from a woman living in  
Nam Chung Street, Yau-mat, a  
Chinese was sentenced to six weeks'  
jail by Mr. Whyte-Smith yesterday.

The following left Hong Kong on  
the s.s. Isar on April 21:—Mr. A. J.  
Manton, Taingtau; Mr. and Mrs.  
Wortzel, Mr. Wong, Mr. and Mrs.  
Lehmann and Mr. Cheung Chak for  
Shanghai.

A Chinese who had three previous  
convictions against him was sen-  
tenced to five months' hard labour  
by Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith yester-  
day for stealing two poles from a  
house in the course of construction  
at Mongkok.

A report has been made to the  
Police by the s.s. Cremer that when  
she was on her way to Hong Kong  
on Sunday she sighted a small  
Japanese steamer, name unknown,  
on the rocks near High Lammoeks.  
As far as the crew of the s.s. Cremer  
could ascertain the stranded ship  
appeared to be deserted.

For importing three bottles of  
wine into the Colony from Hong  
Kong without paying the necessary  
duties, a Chinese was fined \$50, or  
four weeks' imprisonment, by Mr.  
R. E. Lindell at the Central  
Magistracy yesterday. Defendant's  
record showed that he was convicted  
on two previous occasions for the  
same offence.

Mr. Fahnestock, an American  
millionaire, and his wife are  
amongst the passengers on the  
Dollar Liner President Lincoln  
which is leaving for Shanghai to-  
day. Mr. Fahnestock's private yacht  
is at present in Hong Kong, on  
which, after their return from the  
North, they will start on a three  
years' cruise.

The body of a small Chinese girl  
was picked up by the Water Police  
last evening off No. 3 Kowloon  
Gardens Wharf. The corpse was  
identified as that of Yeung Kiu, a  
10 years old girl, who was reported  
missing from Lighter No. 62 of the  
Kowloon Wharf and Godown Com-  
pany since 2.30 p.m. on Sunday.  
Judging from the facts available it  
appears that the girl was drowned  
by accidentally falling overboard.

In order to facilitate the trans-  
mission of military reports, a short  
wave wireless station will be short-  
ly installed at the Wosung Forts,  
reports the *Shunpo*.

A Tientsin telegram to the Chi-  
nese Press says that the develop-  
ment work in connection with the  
Hulutao harbour was formally com-  
menced on April 15, when Marshal  
Chang Hsueh Liang personally at-  
tended the ceremony held to celeb-  
rate the occasion.

A huge swordfish was caught by  
some Chinese fishermen off one of  
the Dutch islands and was towed  
into Malacca recently. All efforts  
to bring the fish ashore seem to have  
failed until a lorry was used for  
hauling the fish from the water. It  
weighed 15 piculs and was sold for  
\$80.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Baker and  
Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Dellman are  
amongst the passengers on the s.s.  
President Lincoln which arrived in  
Hong Kong last Sunday. Mr.  
Baker is a prominent banker of  
Reno, Nevada. Both parties are on  
an extended pleasure tour of the  
world.

A cuttle-fish 12 feet long, one of  
the largest ever seen in Japanese  
waters, was captured recently by a  
fisherman of the village of Kanawa,  
in Kanagawa Prefecture. Be-  
cause of its size the prize brought  
the fisherman a large sum, the  
cuttle-fish being a Japanese delicacy.

A tribute is paid to Mr. F. W.  
Maze, Inspector-General of Customs,  
by the *Shunpo* on account  
of his efforts to meet China's aspira-  
tions in improving the Customs  
service and in bettering the treat-  
ment of the Chinese staff to the end  
of putting them on an equal footing  
with foreigners.

An old digger after a stretch of  
bad luck in the River Diamond  
Diggings, near Kimberley, decided  
to give up operations, but was called  
out by his native boy, who said  
he had found a large diamond. It  
proved to be a magnificent fifty-  
nine carat stone, and was sold for  
£4,000. The claim in which the  
diamond was found had been aban-  
doned by the previous holder as  
useless.

The case in which a fishmonger  
was charged with ill-treating a  
crocodile at Malacca was postponed  
for the decision of the magistrate  
what to do with the crocodile.  
When the case was subsequently  
called Inspector McLennan said  
that the crocodile now had a good  
home and was well fed. The accus-  
ed had given a written statement  
to the police that he did not want  
the animal. He was discharged.

A Budapest message of March 19  
states that rumours have come to  
ear lately that hundreds of Hun-  
garian war prisoners, who were not  
able to return to their country after  
the war, have been taken prisoners  
by the Chinese and compelled to  
work in Manchurian sand-pits un-  
der the supervision of Chinese  
coolies. Although the Foreign Office  
and the Hungarian Red Cross have  
made positive details on the subject,  
the *Reuter* agency states that diplo-  
matic inquiries will shortly be  
started.

Miss Jean Collin, leading woman  
in the revue "High Tones," left  
the stage at a Bath theatre last  
month and slapped the face  
of a man in the stalls. This extror-  
dinary incident followed inter-  
ruptions and "cat calls" during  
her song with Jack Mayo. Miss  
Collin said: "I tried hard to carry  
on, but the disturbance was too  
much. It was the first time that  
anything has ever made me cry on  
the stage. If such a thing occurs  
again I should feel quite justified  
in taking the same action."

How the Cutty Sark, the famous  
tea clipper, even in modern times,  
sailed so fast that she started tow-  
ing a 11-knot tug was told at the  
Blue Water evening at St. George's  
Hall, Liverpool, by Captain W. H.  
Dowman, owner of the Cutty Sark.  
"We set one sail, and had started  
to set a second, when the tugmaster  
called out, 'You had better take a  
sail in as you are towing us.' In  
the Cutty Sark my wife and I train  
boys to be sailors. We have rigged  
her, and make a certain amount of  
our own canvas." Sea shanties  
were sung during the evening to  
the enjoyment of a big audience,  
including Lord Kylesant, head of the  
Pacific Steam Navigation Co., who  
bore the expenses.

Certain officials of the Tokyo  
Prefectural Office are beginning to  
hate the normally again after a  
month of worry and frantic search.  
A month ago the Prefectural seal,  
without which the weights and  
Measures Bureau cannot carry on  
its official duties, disappeared.  
Then, just as mysteriously as it had  
vanished, the seal reappeared in a  
plain envelope which had been  
mailed from the Central Post-Office.  
Even the reappearance of the seal,  
however, did not allay the official  
anxiety, for it was feared that the  
chief might have made a copy of the  
seal for his own use. Finally  
suspicion was thrown upon a clerk  
in the Bureau. He confessed the  
theft, but denied he had made any  
illegal use of the seal.

A bill passed by the U.S. Senate  
will permit state and member banks  
of the Federal Reserve System to  
establish branches in foreign coun-  
tries or United States dependencies  
and insular possessions. Such a  
right has hitherto been confined to  
national banks.

Edward Hapfield owns a petrol  
station at White Plains, near New  
York. The station was robbed three  
times last year. Mr. Hapfield finally  
bought a bulldog, but has since  
reported to the police that burglars  
during the night had not only taken  
the sum of \$26, but had added in-  
sult to injury by stealing the bull-  
dog.

Pentonville Prison seethed with  
excitement one day last month when  
a prisoner escaped for a few  
minutes from the custody of the  
warders and climbed to the roof of  
the prison. He was chased all over  
the prison roof by police and  
warders, while an excited crowd  
watched the man hunt from the  
street outside the gaol. The prison-  
er, however, was quickly recaptured.

A new political party has been  
founded in Rumania with the avowed  
intention of putting an end to  
corruption of the public services.  
A number of financial scandals,  
similar to the Hatry crash, have  
alarmed the people to such an extent  
that the National Work Party—as  
the new organization calls itself—  
demands the extension of the death  
penalty to all persons convicted of  
corruption.

It was announced in the *London  
Gazette* last month that a receiving  
order was issued on a creditor's  
petition against "Heratlo Bottom-  
ley, journalist, of and lately carry-  
ing on business at Grosvenor-gar-  
dens, London S.W." The petition  
was filed on September 26, 1928.  
The first meeting was held at Bank-  
ruptcy-buildings, on March 21, and  
the public examination was fixed  
for April 16.

The Royal College of Surgeons  
has been presented with the skeleton  
of a Roman soldier which, it is be-  
lieved, has lain buried for 1,700  
years, and was recently dug up in  
the excavations on the site of the  
new Thames House, Millbank. Sir  
Arthur Keith, on a first examina-  
tion, stated that it might be of an  
even earlier date, but as a result  
of fuller study, it has been decided  
that the skeleton probably dates  
from about A.D. 200, when Severus  
invaded Britain.

The design submitted by a York-  
shire sculptor, Mr. Herman Caw-  
thra, has been awarded first place  
by the adjudicators appointed by  
the Dumfries Burns Club in a com-  
petition for a new monument to  
Robert Burns, which is intended to  
take the place of the one now in  
the cemetery at Dumfries. The  
winning design for the monument  
shows the poet in contemplative  
mood at his plough, and the cost  
is estimated at 3,000.

Mr. Hugh Speaight, who made  
the inaugural ascent of the Oxford  
University Balloon Union last  
month, had a narrow escape when  
his balloon came down after an  
hour and a half's flight. The  
balloon descended at Chinnor, five  
miles south-east of Thame. The  
drag-ropes became entangled with  
telegraph wires, breaking many of  
them, and the pole as well, and Mr.  
Speaight, who was piloting, had to  
rip the balloon and land in a field.

Miss Maria Corda, the famous  
screen "vamp," who, after divorc-  
ing her husband, is continuing to  
live with him, has told, in an inter-  
view, her reasons. He is a Holly-  
wood film director and Miss Corda  
believes that artists should not be  
tied to one another. "We are now  
free; we are independent," she  
said. "So far the experiment is  
perfectly satisfactory, but if my  
husband should greatly wish that I  
should marry him again, well, I  
suppose I shall."

The truly Nordic sport of boxing  
has taken such a hold on Mexico  
that bull fighting is becoming less  
and less popular. This fact is  
manifested by the annual report  
of the National Boxing Commis-  
sion, which shows that during 1929  
Mexico City witnessed seventy-  
eight prize fights. It is estimated  
that upwards of 300,000 persons,  
including Lord Kylesant, head of the  
Pacific Steam Navigation Co., who  
bore the expenses.

A leading Swiss firm of watch-  
makers at Berne have just refused  
an order amounting to nearly  
1,000,000 gold rubles for machinery  
and tools destined for the new  
Government factory which the Soviet  
Government has constructed near  
Moscow. The firm claim that the  
pecuniary guarantee is insufficient.  
The Soviet claim that their factory,  
which employs 2,000 workers, can  
turn out yearly 1,000,000 alarm  
clocks, 600,000 ordinary clocks, and  
200,000 watches. American firms  
have already supplied the Soviet  
factory with machinery worth  
£120,000, while English firms have  
not competed.

## VILLAGERS RISE AGAINST REDS.

BRUSH WITH OUTLAWS  
NEAR KITYANG.

PEASANTS AND GENTRY  
BUTCHERED

Reports from Swatow indicate  
that the Communist bands in  
Eastern Kwangtung are still very  
active. Recently, they again  
menaced Fungshun (a mountain-  
ous district north-west of Swatow)  
and Kityang (south of Fungshun).  
Fortunately, they were repulsed by  
the garrison troops.

The Communist band in Fung-  
shun numbered over 1,000. Latter-  
ly, they attacked Kosha Village, to  
which they set fire. Over two hun-  
dred dwellings were destroyed.  
Following this, they attacked  
Chingtam Village and killed 250  
villagers, mostly rich peasants and  
gentry. Then they moved to attack  
the city of Fungshun, and set up  
a Soviet administration on the out-  
skirts of the city. The garrison  
troops put up a brave fight, while  
the residents of the city rendered  
valuable assistance to their defend-  
ers. The marauders were finally  
repulsed, over ten of their number  
being killed.  
The Communists in Kityang at-  
tacked Tongshang Village, about  
eight 1/2 miles from the city. The vil-  
lagers rose in arms and put up a  
heroic resistance against the in-  
vaders for three hours. The latter  
were eventually driven off, after  
more than forty of them were taken  
prisoner and many killed.

## Looking Back 25 Years.

It would be safe to call the  
match between the combined Civil-  
ian Teams and the West Kents,  
played at Happy Valley on Satur-  
day, a draw, although, had the  
game been concluded, honours  
would probably have gone to the  
shield winners, who were nil in the  
second half. They (the Kents)  
turned out in full force, but the  
civilians struggled down to the  
ground one after another. At the  
roll call they were short of several  
players, and substitutes had to be  
procured to make up a team...  
The West Kents were having much  
trouble of their own at the beginning  
of the second half when an unex-  
pected disturbance drew onlookers away  
from the ropes and the footballers  
from the field of contest. A Euro-  
pean and a Portuguese had quar-  
relled and come to blows. Police-  
Sergeant Blackman succeeded in  
separating the fighters, and they  
were going off quietly enough until  
another Portuguese interfered. It  
was alleged that under the influence  
of liquor, he had "disguised fair  
nature with ill-favoured rage,"  
and been trying all the afternoon  
to fasten a quarrel on someone.  
When the men were separated by  
the policeman, he tried to urge his  
companion on to the fray again.  
Sergeant Blackman several times  
told him quietly to go away but  
he persisted, and finally (it is al-  
leged) assaulted the sergeant. He  
was immediately secured by two  
sergeants who had appeared on the  
scene, and there were loud cries  
from the soldiers of "Frog march  
him!" After this, there was no  
more football. The whistle was  
sounded, with the score standing  
West Kents, 2; Civilians, 0.  
*Hong Kong Daily Press*, April 24,  
1905.

## Looking Back 50 Years.

By the last steam launch from  
Shanghai yesterday, a passenger  
came into Hong Kong who reports  
that some time during the afternoon  
a junk lying at a stone's throw  
from the shore by Cape D'Aguiar,  
was seized and taken away by a  
steam guard-boat. He either did  
not know, or would not tell whether  
she was a smuggling junk, but it  
is safe to conclude that she was.  
This, however, is no justification  
for the constant violation of the  
waters of this Colony that "un-  
doubtedly goes on," and we heartily  
wish that the Head of the Execu-  
tive, whatever his other hobbies,  
possessed that which would induce  
him to make a special considera-  
tion of the seizure in our waters,  
by craft commanded mostly  
Europeans, of Chinese vessels that  
at present entertain the mistaken  
notion that under the shadow of  
the hills of this island there is to  
be found immunity from arbit-  
rary—too often—appropriation  
Of the administration of this  
Colony it may be asserted—in  
words forming the allegation of the  
Liberal against the now defunct  
Conservative Ministry—that its  
foreign policy has brought us into  
unilateral contempt, and its in-  
ternal management upon all pre-  
conceived notions of usefulness  
and beneficial government—*Hong  
Kong Daily Press*, April 22, 1900.



## THE LABOUR UNREST IN JAPAN.

## ALLEGED SEDITIOUS UTTERANCES.

## ARREST OF WELL-KNOWN LABOUR MEMBER OF THE DIET.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, April 21.

On the eve of the special session of the Diet news has reached the headquarters here of the Farmers-Labour Party of the arrest of the President, Mr. Ikuro Oyama, charged with making seditious utterances.

A telegram received by the party from Yokohama Prefecture, states that Mr. Oyama was arrested while addressing a public meeting.

The Farmers-Labour party is the most radical of all the political parties represented in the Diet, to which Mr. Oyama was elected at the last general election in February.

## FARMERS DENOUNCE CAPITALISM.

The third national convention of the all-Japan Farmers' Union was opened at Osaka a few days ago. There were present about 280 delegates representing the struggling farmers throughout the country, working under the slogan of a single farmers' union for the country and land for farmers.

The convention was called in order to adopt a general policy of campaign for the year to come in the interest of lifting the agricultural communities from their present state of rock-bottom depression. Before the session was formally opened, a tense atmosphere already prevailed in the hall.

Following an opening address by Mr. Shioichi Mackawa, Mr. Motojima Sugiyama, chairman of the convention, addressed the gathering on the present state of the farmers, to the following effect:—

## Oppressed Country Workers.

"Since the removal of the gold embargo, the oppression of the farmers, whom we here represent, by the capitalist class has been extraordinary. The problems of the sudden increase in the number of farmers struggling with poverty, the long hours of the farm labourers, and other problems which menace the living of the farming population have become a veritable whirlpool."

"We shall march on to the goal of land for farmers and freedom for farmers by fighting for the reduction or exemption of the tax on land, opposition to prohibiting farmers from entering the land they till during disputes with the owners, and to the attachment of the standing crops. In other words, we must fight valiantly in order to solve the farmers' land problems."

## Mr. Oyama Encourages Farmers.

Mr. Ikuro Oyama, head of the Ronoto (whose arrest is now reported) delivered a spirited address of encouragement.

In the evening, a gathering was held in the same hall for public address by Mr. Oyama, Mr. Tatsuji Fuse, councillor, and Mr. Sugiyama, President of the Farmers' Union, dwelling on the subject of proletarian amalgamation.

## LABOUR APPEALS TO GOVERNMENT.

The arrest of Mr. Oyama is a further indication of the seriousness of the situation in Japan, and mail advices arriving yesterday give new details of the trouble arising out of the Kanegafuchi Company's action.

On April 19 a delegation of the Nihon Taishyuto, a Proletarian group called on the Finance Minister, Mr. Inoue, and questioned him as to what the Government was going to do about the hardships of the labourers and farmers in connection with the effect of the removal of the gold embargo, the rationalization of industry and the wages cut of the Kanegafuchi Spinning Company. Mr. Inoue said if any business concern did anything "glaringly unreasonable," the Government would issue a warning, but the Government would refrain from recklessly interfering.

In the course of the interview, the Proletarian delegates said that the Kanegafuchi management has taken the steps for a wages cut because the Government has advocated an industrial rationalization to ameliorate the financial condition after the removal of the gold embargo. If the situation is left as it is, the sacrifices which the labourers will have to make will become universal throughout the country. They wanted to know the opinion of the Finance Office authorities on the situation.

## Gold Removal Ban Not Cause.

In reply, Mr. Inoue said:—"I shall refrain from criticizing what the Kanegafuchi Spinning Company has done. As to the removal of the gold embargo, it was carried out because the Government considered it necessary for the national financial reconstruction."

"If specie had flowed out of the country or the interest on money had greatly risen, the effect of the removal of the gold embargo might be called bad. As a matter of fact, however, the specie outflow was limited to about ¥170,000,000 or ¥180,000,000 and the interest has not risen. The Bank of Japan even keeps in safe custody a considerable sum of money deposited."

"The present business depression in Japan is a result of the world-wide depression. The policy to meet the situation is to improve the foreign trade and to have the freight rates reduced."

## Ways to Financial Normalcy.

"The fundamental solution of the unemployment problem is to see that the industrial work system would help to promote the foreign trade shall be given to the unemployed. I am confident that if the industrial rationalization is properly carried out, the efficiency of the service is increased and the unreasonable competition among the industrialists is stopped, the financial condition will vastly improve."

## The Unemployed.

To a direct question asked as to what the Government is going to do about relieving the unemployed, Mr. Inoue replied in a roundabout way, repeating his remarks about industrial rationalization and improvement of the foreign trade, only touching the direct issue to the extent of saying that the Government intends to disburse a reasonable sum of money for the relief of the unemployed.

## HOME OFFICE VIEWS.

The Home Office is regarding with much concern the serious developments of the Kanegafuchi Spinning Company trouble, and has instructed the authorities of the prefectures concerned to submit a detailed report on the latest developments of the situation in different localities. It is aware of the advisability of taking some appropriate measures quickly to check further serious developments, but fears that under the present system and obstructive action on the part of the Government in such economic troubles at the present stage is impossible. Moreover, any hasty attempt at official interference tends to expose the Government to the charge of partiality to either party in the dispute. In such circumstances, the Home Office authorities are evidently inclined to watch further developments before taking any positive action.

## Government Policy Not to Blame.

As quoted by the Asahi, Mr. Adachi, the Home Minister, dismisses as absurd the view advanced in some quarters that the retrenchment policy of the Government compelled the Kanegafuchi Spinning Company to take the present action of reducing the wages of its workers. Such a theory will not be accepted by any impartial observer. He has a view of his own on the present trouble, but his official position as Home Minister counsels reticence at the present time. A labour dispute, the Minister says, is an economic issue and ought to be settled on fair terms through negotiation between the parties concerned. It is not for the Government to offer interference light-heartedly. As for the Home Office, therefore, it intends to watch the development of the situation quietly for the time being. If the dispute takes a riotous shape, to the detriment of public peace and order, the authorities must, of course, exercise strict control, but this is what they are called upon to do not only in labour troubles but in all disputes.

## DISPUTE STIMULATES LABOUR AMALGAMATION.

Stimulated by the labour dispute of the Kanegafuchi Spinning Company, the movement for the amalgamation or co-operation of the Proletarian political parties has been given a new lease on life. At a meeting held in Tokyo at the national headquarters of the Ronoto, one of the radical Proletarian parties, at which meeting the representatives of various Proletarian parties were present, it was decided that assistance be given to the strikers by political activities, leaving the leadership in the labour movement to the labour organizations.

The committee to be organized by various Proletarian groups will be called the "Committee on the Joint Struggle of the Proletarian Parties against the Kanegafuchi Spinning Company." Among other things, it was decided that any public announcement which may be made by the joint committee shall be issued after unanimous approval has been secured at the meetings of the committee, instead of a majority decision. (Continued at foot of next column).

## MISHAP TO BRITISH GUNBOAT.

## STRIKES' ROCK ON UPPER YANGTZE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, April 21.

H.M.S. Peterel en route to Chungking from Ichang struck a rock and is beached near Chang-show.

Mr. Handley Derry, the Consul-General at Chungking, and Mr. Toller, the new Consul at Chengtu, who were aboard, were transferred to a steamer proceeding to their destinations.

## JAPANESE DIET OPENS.

## SPEAKER ELECTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, April 21.

The Diet has been opened, and the Lower House elected Ikunosuke Fujisawa as Speaker and Shoji Koyama as Vice-Speaker. Both belong to the Minseitō.

The formal ceremony of the opening in the presence of the Emperor will be held on April 23.

## JAPANESE ROYALTY LEAVE FOR ENGLAND.

## RECIPROCAL VISIT FOR GARTER MISSION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, April 21.

Enthusiastic scenes were witnessed at Yokohama this afternoon when Prince and Princess Takamatsu boarded the Kashima Maru for England for the purpose, *inter alia*, of returning thanks for the visit of the Duke of Gloucester on the Garter Mission to Japan last year.

Several thousand Japanese school children, ex-servicemen, etc., and a number of British residents and other privileged persons were drawn up at the quay to pay their respects and wish *bon voyage* to the Emperor's brother and his bride. The ship departed under the escort of a cruiser and several destroyers and submarines as far as the entrance of Tokyo Bay, while naval aircraft flew overhead.

## JAPANESE AIRMAN RESCUED.

## TAKEN TO SWATOW BY CHINESE JUNK.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, April 21.

According to a wireless message from Taipei, the missing crew of three have arrived at Swatow after being rescued by a Chinese junk. (The above refers to yesterday's report which stated that during Japanese naval manoeuvres a naval plane fell in the sea and the crew of three was missing.)

## JAPANESE EXCHANGE SCANDAL.

## EX-GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF KOREA CHARGED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, April 21.

General Yamashita, formerly Governor-General of Korea, has been committed for public trial after being found guilty of receiving bribes in connection with the Fusan exchange scandal.

## THE TRAMWAY WORKERS.

The Tokyo Municipal Tramway Workers' Union last week decided to file a strong protest with the Tokyo Municipal Electric Bureau against its decision of the 10 per cent. curtailment of the bonuses of the motormen and other tramway workers of Tokyo.

At the same time the union decided to collect ¥1 from each of its 15,000 members as strike fund so as to be ready for a strike in case of the denial of their demand. Simultaneously with the holding of the mass meeting against the discharge of the Tokyo municipal tramway workers at the Bukyo Kaikan on April 12, the union will file a protest with the authorities of the Electric Bureau.

Later messages have reported that the tramway and motor-bus workers stopped work, and that the services are being operated by volunteers.

## CANTON LOYAL TO NANKING.

## MASS DEMONSTRATION LAST WEEK.

## APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, April 20.

A big demonstration against Feng Yu Hsiang and Yen Hsi Shan was staged in the Provincial Kuomintang Headquarters last Friday afternoon. Some four thousand persons were present, representing practically all walks of life in the city. Every labour union, Government organ, merchant guild, school and other public organization participated. Speeches vehemently denouncing Yen Hsi Shan, Feng Yu Hsiang and their allies as traitors plotting for the downfall of the Central Government were delivered by Mr. Lam Yick Chung and other members of the Provincial Council. Slogans were shouted out as usual, and a manifesto embodying the spirit and purpose of the popular gathering was issued to the public. Contrary to a previous announcement, there was no parade through the streets.

All the principal thoroughfares are placarded with slogans and huge strips of white cloth with imposing Chinese characters pledging Canton's loyalty to Nanking are hung on telephone poles over the maloes. Large cartoons caricaturing the "Christian General" and the Shansi Warlord are also much in evidence.

Among the things decided upon at the meeting were that a circular telegram be dispatched to the people throughout the country, urging them to support Nanking, and that a special telegram be sent to General Chang Hsueh Liang requesting him to send a punitive expedition against Feng and Yen.

## WARLORDS GIRD FOR STRIFE.

## SURFEIT OF WRANGLING IN PEPING CIRCLES.

## 'YOUNG' GENERAL MAINTAINS ENIGMATIC ATTITUDE.

Chinese cables from Shanghai state that no serious fighting has broken out in the North as yet. The situation is, however, far from stagnant, as war preparations are proceeding apace on both sides.

Yen Hsi Shan has instructed the Honan troops under Shih Yu San, Sun Tien Ying and Wan Hsuan Tsai to march in three directions, with Hsuehchow—the junction of the Lunghai and Tientsin-Pukow Railways, where the Nanking troops are making a strong stand—as their objective. The Shansi troops at Tschow, on the northern border of Shantung, have been instructed to remain on the defensive for the time being.

Feng Yu Hsiang's troops are preparing to capture Siangyang and Feneheng, in north-western Hupoh, with Hankow as their goal. As to the Nanking forces, more than 20,000 men are remaining on the defensive along the Tientsin-Pukow Railway, while those on the Peking-Hankow Line are also taking defensive measures at present.

It is reported from Peking that the political situation there is obscure. There has been much conflict of views among the Reorganizationists and the leaders of the Saisien clique regarding Kuomintang affairs. Yen has paid little heed to their wrangling and he is now in no hurry to form the proposed Provisional Government at Peking.

Wang Ching Wei, the leader of the Reorganizationists, has still not started for, and will probably not come to Peking in view of the fact that Yen Hsi Shan betrays little sympathy for the Kuomintang.

Chang Hsueh Liang, the "Young" General of Manchuria, has shown a more friendly attitude to Nanking. He has recommended the appointment of Wang Chia Ching and Hu Yu Yu, two of his subordinates, as Vice-Ministers of Foreign Affairs and Public Health, respectively, and the Central Government has complied with the request. Chang has, however, shown no hostile demeanour towards the anti-Nanking troops, and it is very doubtful whether he will cast his lot with Nanking.

## THE RENDITION OF WEIHAIWEI.

## TO BE RETURNED WITHOUT COMPENSATION.

## QUESTION OF NAVAL BASE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, April 21.

The Weihaiwei rendition treaty includes two parts: (1) A convention; (2) An agreement. There are more than twenty articles altogether.

The convention provides that Weihaiwei with all properties will be returned to China without compensation. The agreement provides that British warships may use Liukungtao as a summer resort for 10 years. Should the Chinese Government decide to use Weihaiwei as a naval base, China will take over Liukungtao at any time. The latter point was hotly disputed in the negotiations, China insisting that the period be limited to 5 years, while Britain wanted ten years.

## Tribute to Britain.

Dr. C. T. Wang paid a tribute to Britain's friendliness in agreeing to the rendition of Weihaiwei and urged that the "entire nation should persevere until all sovereign rights are restored."

The State Council is understood to be considering the proposal to convert Weihaiwei into a naval base after the rendition is effected.

## RIVER AT SUNCHOW HEAVILY MINED.

## ALLIED FORCES ADOPT WARY ATTITUDE.

## PLAN TO CREATE TREACHERY AMONG 'IRONSIDES.'

Advices from Wuchow state that there has been no fresh development in the Kwangsi military situation during the past week. The Canton-Nanking forces have still not crossed the river at Sunchow, as heavy mines have been laid by the Kwangsi troops. Along the river bank in the vicinity of Sunchow, the Kwangsi troops have erected numerous forts and very strong defensive works. The exchange of artillery and rifle fire across the river continues. Canton aeroplanes are daily bombing the defence works of the enemy.

General Chen Tai Tong, who has been greatly discouraged by financial distress and the difficulty of the campaign, has abandoned his intention to resign, in compliance with the request of General Chiang Kai Shek and Chen Ming Shu. He is now conferring with General Chu Shao Liang, Commander of the Nanking contingent, regarding the settlement of the issue. It is understood that an attempt is being contemplated to "buy over" the subordinates of the "Ironside" forces with a view to inducing them to oust their leaders.

## DRAFT OF NAVAL TREATY.

## APPROVED BY DELEGATES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 21.

At a meeting lasting 40 minutes the heads of the naval delegations approved the draft of the Naval Treaty which was sent to the printers. It will be signed on Tuesday, and consists of about 16,000 words.

## PRINCE LEAVES FOR HOME.

## AFRICAN TOUR ENDS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PORT SAID, April 21.

The Prince of Wales has concluded his holiday in Africa. He arrived from Cairo to which he recently flew from Malakal, and embarked to-night for Marseilles en route for home.

## DUCHESS OF BEDFORD STARTS FOR ENGLAND.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CAPE TOWN, April 21.

The Duchess of Bedford has started on the return flight to England at 7.15 this morning.

## CHARLES SCRIBNER DEAD.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, April 20.

The death has occurred here from heart disease of Charles Scribner, the well-known publisher and founder of Scribner's Magazine.

## THE SITUATION IN INDIA.

## CHITTAGONG INSURGENTS IN HIDING.

## LABOUR TRIBUTE TO VICEROY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CALCUTTA, April 20.

Details of the raid at Chittagong are still lacking, but it appears that about sixty insurgents participated in the insurrection. The majority of them are now believed to be hiding in the hills.

It has been established that a rifle, twenty revolvers and twenty-five muskets are missing from the armouries and it is believed that these weapons were taken with a certain amount of ammunition for them.

Up to the present there have been five arrests. The hills near Chittagong are being thoroughly combed for insurgents. The town is now quiet.

## Mr. Lansbury's Tribute.

Warm tribute to the Viceroy of India and Colonel Wedgwood Benn, Secretary of State for India, were paid to-day by Mr. George Lansbury, First Commissioner of Works, when he spoke at Bourne-mouth.

Mr. Lansbury said the situation in India at the present time was an extremely difficult one. He again emphasised that the aim of the Labour Government was Dominion Status for India "whenver we are able to carry it safely to the Indian people."

He added that Lord Irwin and Colonel Wedgwood Benn, who were bearing the burden to-day, have, above any other two men in the world, the best, the most noble and the most honest feelings towards the people of India, and if given a chance will do everything possible to help the people of India to realise the things uppermost in their hearts.

In the meantime "We were faced with a situation which no Government can ignore and these two men are dealing with the situation in a fashion that deserves the sympathy and encouragement of us all."

## Procession at Bombay.

BOMBAY, April 20. Several arrests were made to-day, including Kedarshwar Sen Gupta who was arrested at his residence in Bombay. He had come to Bombay in connection with business on the Cotton Exchange. He was taken from here to Calcutta under a heavy guard. The reasons for his arrest have not yet been disclosed.

In connection with the civil disobedience campaign a hundred volunteers to-day formed into a procession which proceeded to the seashore and returned with vessels filled with sea water. The procession of volunteers included women and children.

## More Arrests in Calcutta.

CALCUTTA, April 20. There were further arrests in Calcutta to-day, including Beninbehary Ganguly, Pratulchandra Ganguly, Bankimchandra Mockerejee and Trailokya Chakravarti, the Presidents respectively of the Bengal Provincial Congress, the Youths Conference, the Young Comrades' League and the Workers' Conference.

## Another Leader Arrested.

BOMBAY, April 21. K. M. Munshi, a prominent member of the Bombay Legislature until he resigned recently to join the civil disobedients, has been arrested for breaking the Salt Law.

## MADMAN KILLS TWO EUROPEANS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SINGAPORE, April 21.

Two European employees of the Imperial Bank of India were shot dead by a non-commissioned officer of the local levy suffering from megalomania at an outpost in the Khyber Pass. The murderer was immediately shot dead by the guard.

## RUSSIAN REFUGEES IN HARBIN.

## OUTBREAK OF "SPOTTED" TYPHUS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, April 21.

A report from Harbin states that in spite of the vigilance of troops and the checks, hundreds of penniless refugees are arriving in Harbin, where the situation is aggravated by a virulent outbreak of "spotted" typhus.

## YEN-FENG ALLIANCE A FARCE.

## CANTON OFFICIAL ON NORTHERN SITUATION.

## TROUBLE AT WHAMPOA ACADEMY.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, April 21.

Mr. Lin Chan Hung, dean of the Whampoa Military Academy, returned to Canton yesterday from Nanking where he has been conferring with Marshal Chiang Kai Shek in regard to the affairs of the Academy. Serious trouble had developed in the school during his absence. Part of the cadets became dissatisfied with the recently introduced German discipline and military tactics and revolted, but order was quickly restored after the trouble-makers were expelled.

In an interview with local pressmen this morning, Dean Lin said that the Feng Yu Hsiang-Yen Hsi Shan alliance against Nanking is a farce. Each is only using the other as a means to an end. Yen, he averred, is an ultra-conservative, and wants to do away with the Kuomintang. He is opposed to the present system of Government at Nanking and wants China to have a President like Yuan Shih Kai. To all this Feng is opposed.

The so-called "Christian General" is a Leftist and has, he averred, entered into an alliance with Soviet Russia. Each is very jealous of the other. Recently Feng asked Yen, the Commander-in-Chief of all the anti-Nanking forces, for two million dollars and large quantities of arms and munitions with which to make war against Nanking. To this Yen gave only a paltry sum of \$500,000 in Shansi notes which, in their present state of depreciation, is equivalent to about \$150,000. "The two rebel leaders," Mr. Lin said, "are already at loggerheads with each other."

The Dean admitted that it is true that the numerical strength of the Yen-Feng coalition is superior to that of Nanking, but declared that that meant nothing compared with Nanking's big superiority in money, tactics, position and up-to-date military weapons. "Yen Hsi Shan claimed to have over 100,000 men in uniform, and Feng Yu Hsiang, over 150,000," he said, "but it is certain that only a very small part of that can be sent to attack Nanking. The other will have to remain in the North to watch out for Chang Hsueh Liang of Manchuria and other pro-Nanking Generals in the North. It is a foregone conclusion that Nanking is the master of the situation."

"But are you sure that the 'Young General' of Manchuria is going to side with Nanking?" the interviewer asked.

"He is compelled to do so," was the reply. "The situation in Manchuria is also complicated, and General Chang Hsueh Liang is only the leader of the younger party. There is an older party under General Yu Hsueh Chung, which is not altogether in harmony with the other one. It is natural that some arrangement will be made whereby General Yu will expand and develop his army under the direction of Nanking but at the expense of Yen Hsi Shan and Feng Yu Hsiang."

## REPORTED REVERSE FOR KUOMINCHUN.

## FORCES SURROUNDED.

## SUN TIEN YING ELIMINATED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, April 21.

Latest despatches from the front report victories for the Government. The Kuominchun forces in Taishiang are reported to have capitulated to the Government, while rebels under Sun Tien Ying are officially stated to be surrounded by Government troops at Mamutai. It is stated that the disarming of these troops will mean the elimination of Sun Tien Ying.

## SINO-JAPANESE TARIFF AGREEMENT.

(Wah Tat Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, April 21.

It is reported from Tokyo that the Japanese Government has approved the Sino-Japanese tariff agreement and has cabled Mr. Yoda, the Japanese Chargé d'Affaires, to sign the agreement.



# ZORHAN BREAKS SEVEN FURLONGS RECORD.

MESSRS. HEARD AND HARRIMAN RIDE THREE WINNERS EACH.

PRESIDENT HALL ACCOUNTS FOR MAIN EVENT OF THE DAY.

MR. STEWART WINS NOVICE RACE ON SAN FRANCISCO.

[By "MORNING DEW."]

The feature of yesterday's racing was the breaking of the record for seven furlongs by Zorhan, recently imported into the Colony by Mr. Chan Tin Sion, who also owns Apollo, which has several records to its name in Hong Kong.

Zorhan ran against Royal Flush who on Saturday, accounted for President Hall. Royal Flush, in spite of Mr. Heard's assistance, could make no impression on Zorhan yesterday. The record was lowered by 2.15 seconds.

President Hall won the main event of the day, The Easter Stakes, in effortless fashion. The Novice Race went to Mr. Stewart who brought in San Francisco.

## RESULTS AND FULL DETAILS OF YESTERDAY'S RACING.

### THE RACING.

#### Jun Bay Plate.

Zorhan started a hot favorite here, in spite of the presence of Royal Flush, Pickle and Good and Hot. Pickle and Royal Flush showed the way, followed two lengths behind by Zorhan. Good and Hot was out of it all the way.

Zorhan came through the beautifully in the straight to win by many lengths from Royal Flush. Pickle was three lengths in arrears. Zorhan returned 1 minute 44.3-5 seconds for this race, which is 2.15 seconds better than the record held until yesterday by Boxing Eve.

**Mrs. Bay Handicap "C" Class.**  
Fourteen ponies started here, and Imperial Hall, Town Hall and Sunning were amongst those best in demand. The start took over ten minutes as the field could not be brought into line. Dr. MacGown was thrown in front of the grandstands, but fortunately was not injured.

Town Hall led all the way home. The riderless Huntington passed the post first setting a good pace for Town Hall. Imperial Hall chose a waiting race, as did Sunning. Imperial Hall managed to come through in the straight but Sunning could not do better than fourth place. Duke of Normandy was third.

**Mrs. Bay Handicap "B" Class.**  
There were eleven starters here. Chivalrous and Lobster Bay were most in demand.

From the start Mr. Harriman sent his mount to the van and established a lead of about ten lengths on the rest of the field. He kept it up till the Rock, when the others began to close up, but with the exception of Lobster Bay none could make any impression on the leader, who won by a length and a half. Christmas Frolic secured third place.

Mr. Harriman rode a beautiful race to win on Orlando against the good field.

#### Easter Plate.

President Hall started a red-hot favorite in a field of six and won by two lengths without effort. Carnival Eve set the pace but six furlongs from home Chesapeake Bay began to creep up and at the rock took the lead.

Meanwhile President Hall kept within two lengths of the leader and stayed in that position until the straight was reached. He then came to the front and stayed there. Chesapeake Bay again ran wide to allow first Carnival Eve and then Nationalist II to pass him.

#### Gin Drinkers Bay Plate.

San Francisco with Mr. Stewart up won this race by half a length from Young Pretender ridden by Mr. Bramwell. Monterey Bay was third.

Monterey Bay and Huntington set the pace, followed by Young Pretender, who took command at the Rock. In the straight San Francisco came through beautifully from the rear and won by half a length. Monterey Bay was a good third.

#### Tolo Plate.

Only four starters accepted here. Windsor Stag led from start to finish winning by five lengths from Mike who was again six lengths the better of Blue Boy. Christmas Belle (Mr. Heard) was last, many lengths behind.

#### Starling Stakes.

Dunce started favorite here in a field of eight. He only managed to win by a short head from Billiards, after a thrilling struggle in the straight.

Happy Day was a good third, just disposing of Thracian.

#### Hebe Plate.

The Ape and Bridge Hall were most in demand in this field, of seven starters. Tango led all the way. Bridge Hall was left at the start. The field kept fairly well together, and at the Rock was well bunched. They kept solidly together until the straight was reached, when Tango drew out slightly followed by Bridge Hall. Mr. Harriman gave Tango no chance to slack and had half a length to the good at the close. Zephyr came up with a great rush at the end to get within half a length of Bridge Hall.

#### Mrs. Bay Handicap "A" Class.

Ten ponies accepted here, Picallilli being favorite. He led until the straight when Christmas Chimes caught him to win by three lengths. Winsome Stag also caught Picallilli in the last few strides. The others in this race were very far behind.

#### Mrs. Bay Handicap "D" Class.

The last race was run in failing light. Fifteen ponies on the field were responsible for a delayed start. Martini Cocktail showed the way followed by Sunloch and Movanager. Sonny Boy was also prominent. Sonny Boy won in the run home, as You Like It getting second, being only half a length behind and Martini Cocktail third.

### THE RESULTS.

#### 1.-Jun Bay Plate: Seven Furlongs.

For China ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Winner of the Colonial Stakes on April 10, 1930, harred. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

Mr. Chan Tin Sion's Zorhan (Mr. Frost) 1

Mr. Heard's Royal Flush (Mr. Heard) 2

Messrs. Mackie and Grayburn's Pickle (Mr. Harriman) 3

Also ran: Good and Hot (late Baron Hall) (Mr. C. E. Backhouse).

Won by many lengths, three lengths between second and third. Time: 1min. 44.3-5secs. (record).

Pari-mutuel:—

Winner: \$6.00.

Places: \$4.10; \$3.10.

#### Betting.

Good and Hot (late, Mr. Charles) 1

Baron Hall 11 34

Zorhan 1,015 500

Pickle 73 151

Royal Flush 470 552

2.-Mrs. Bay Handicap "C" Class: One Mile.

For China Ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

Messrs. Fung and Tang's Town Hall (Mr. Charles) 1

Mr. Ip Koi Ying's Imperial Hall (Mr. Ip Koi Ying) 2

Messrs. Lau and Lee's Duke of Normandy (Mr. L. Reidy) 3

#### Also ran:—Peter Guernsey (Mr. Bulteel); Huntington (Dr. MacGown); Glory (Mr. S. Y. Liang); Delaware Bay (Mr. Y. T. Fung); Amusement Tax (Mr. F. M. L. Soares); Sunning (Mr. A. J. P. Heard); Mount Elburz (Mr. A. E. McCartney); The Jamaica (Mr. G. A. Harriman); Snaefell (Mr. D. L. Newbigging); Iron Blood (Mr. L. G. Frost).

Won by half a length; two lengths between second and third. Time: 2mins. 52.5secs.

Pari-mutuel:—

Winner: \$14.00.

Places: \$9.50; \$8.50; \$12.10.

Betting.

Peter Guernsey 33 112

Huntington 98 140

Glory 10 63

Delaware Bay 5 39

Amusement Tax 22 77

Sunning 335 799

Mount Elburz 399 889

Mongolian Stag 4 35

The Jamaica 71 218

Snaefell 41 122

Imperial Hall 487 797

Iron Blood 103 345

Duke of Normandy 16 70

3.-Mrs. Bay Handicap "B" Class: One Mile.

For China Ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

Mr. Retsuj's Orlando (Mr. G. A. Harriman) 1

Mr. L. Dunbar's Lobster Bay (Mr. Soares) 2

Mr. W. T. Stanton's Christmas Frolic (Mr. Stanton) 3

Also ran:—Monk (Mr. G. E. Backhouse); The Pheasant (Mr. G. U. da Roza); Done Again (Mr. D. L. Newbigging); Armony (Mr. Heard); The Partridge (Mr. Yue Shun Wah); Marquis Hall (Mr. L. G. Frost); Gay Caballero (Mr. L. Charles); Chivalrous (Mr. L. Reidy).

Won by one length and a half; three lengths between second and third. Time: 2mins. 34.5secs.

Pari-mutuel:—

Winners: \$43.00.

Places: \$6; \$7.20; \$12.70.

Betting.

Monk 11 32

Lobster Bay 578 1,199

The Pheasant 75 244

Done Again 28 157

Christmas Frolic 138 323

Armony 44 218

The Partridge 6 28

Marquis Hall 289 483

Orlando 187 508

Gay Caballero 15 77

Chivalrous 454 702

4.-Easter Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Winner of this Club of any season. Winners at any time of one race, weight for inches as per scale; of two or more races, 5 lbs. penalty; of three or more races, 7 lbs. penalty; of more than 5 races barred. Non-winners since January 1, 1930, allowed 5 lbs. Jockey allowance. Allowance accumulative. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

Mr. Ho Kom Tong's President Hall (Mr. Heard) 1

Mr. Yam Man's Carnival Eve (Mr. Roza) 2

Mr. Dynasty's Nationalist II (Mr. Bulteel) 3

Also ran:—November (Mr. Stanton); Fair Sport (Mr. L. Reidy); Chesapeake Bay (Mr. G. A. Harriman).

Won by two lengths; four lengths between second and third. Time: 3mins. 53.5secs.

Pari-mutuel:—

Winners: \$40.40.

Places: \$8.00; \$7.70; \$22.20.

Betting.

November 208 10

Nationalist II 487 235

Carnival Eve 443 372

President Hall 1,013 1,573

Fair Sport 135 50

Chesapeake Bay 239 78

#### 5.-Gin Drinkers Bay Plate: One Mile.

For China ponies which have started in Hong Kong at least twice since January 1, 1930, and have not won. 1 lb. penalty for every \$200 or part thereof won in stakes since January 1, 1930. To be ridden by jockeys who have not won five races anywhere at any time. Jockeys 2 lbs. extra for each race won. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

Messrs. Bennett and Cave's San Francisco (Mr. I. M. Stewart) 1

Mr. Dynasty's Young Pretender (Mr. C. F. B. Bramwell) 2

Mr. Yue Shun Wah's Monterey Bay (Mr. Yue Shun Wah) 3

Also ran:—King's Counsel (Mr. A. E. McCartney); One Third (Dr. S. To Wong); Shiny Pearl (Mr. Tang Man Wah); Cream Cracker (Mr. S. Y. Liang); Campbell (Mr. Ip Koi Ying); Abel (Mr. H. C. Lee); Huntington (Mr. D. A. Cave).

Won by half a length; two lengths between second and third. Time: 2mins. 51.5secs.

Pari-mutuel:—

Winner: \$80.60.

Places: \$9.10; \$8.10; \$7.60.

Betting.

King's Counsel 53 97

One Third 104 231

San Francisco 137 350

Shiny Pearl 7 34

Young Pretender 716 1,238

Cream Cracker 90 317

Monterey Bay 304 497

Campbell 49 129

Abel 14 44

Huntington 70 330

6.-Tolo Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies, non-winning griffins of this season whether starters or not. Weight for inches as per scale. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

Mr. Chan Tin Sion's Windsor Stag (Mr. L. G. Frost) 1

Mr. W. T. Stanton's Mike (Mr. Stanton) 2

Mr. Yam Man's Blue Boy (Mr. G. U. da Roza) 3

Also ran:—Christmas Belle (Mr. Heard).

Won by five lengths; six lengths between second and third. Time: 2mins. 37.1-5secs.

Pari-mutuel:—

Winners: \$14.40.

Places: \$9.30; \$8.50.

Betting.

Blue Boy 343 407

Mike 544 533

Windsor Stag 601 520

Christmas Belle 441 725

7.-Starling Stakes: Six Furlongs.

For China ponies, subscription griffins of this Club of this season which have not won more than \$1,000 in stakes. Weight for inches as per scale. 5 lbs. penalty for every \$200 or part thereof won in stakes. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

Mr. John's Dunce (Mr. A. J. P. Heard) 1

Mr. U. Sz Wing's Billiards (Mr. G. U. da Roza) 2

Messrs. Chow and Chan's Happy Day (Mr. G. A. Harriman) 3

Also ran:—King's Throld (Mr. Ip Koi Ying); Thracian (Mr. R. H. Charles); What's Yours (Mr. L. G. Frost); Tights (Mr. Sherman); Silver Dragon (Mr. S. Y. Liang).

Won by a short head, four lengths between second and third. Time: 2mins. 35secs.

Pari-mutuel:—

Winners: \$7.40.

Places: \$6; \$7.70; \$9.50.

Betting.

King Throld 22 119

Billiards 246 602

Thracian 303 323

What's Yours 109 230

Happy Day 143 367

Tights 23 69

Silver Dragon 1,258 1,806

8.-Hebe Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies, subscription griffins of this Club of any season. Winners at any time of one race, weight for inches as per scale; of two or more races, 5 lbs. penalty; of three or more races, 7 lbs. penalty; of more than 5 races barred. Non-winners since January 1, 1930, allowed 5 lbs. Jockey allowance. Allowance accumulative. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

Messrs. Sturt and Lobel's Tango (Mr. Harriman) 1

Mr. Ho Kom Tong's Bridge Hall (Mr. Heard) 2

Mr. Mac's Zephyr (Mr. Liang) 3

Also ran:—Picky (Mr. T. O. Bulteel); Duke of Milan (Mr. G. U. da Roza); Thunderbolt (Mr. R. H. Charles); The Ape (Mr. L. G. Frost).

Won by half a length; half a length between second and third. Time: 2mins. 43.4-5secs.

Pari-mutuel:—

Winners: \$40.40.

Places: \$8.00; \$7.70; \$22.20.

Betting.

Picky 331 538

Duke of Milan 34 111

Bridge Hall 521 725

Tango 221 690

Thunderbolt 57 85

Zephyr 63 159

The Ape 706 1,275

#### 9.-Mrs. Bay Handicap "A" Class: One Mile.

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

Messrs. Beith & Heard's Christmas Chimes (Mr. A. J. P. Heard) 1

Mr. Chan Tin Sion's Winsome Stag (Mr. L. G. Frost) 2

Messrs. Mackie and Grayburn's Picallilli (Mr. G. A. Harriman) 3

Also ran:—Grand Tattoo Eve (Mr. C. E. Backhouse); Tarnborg (Mr. I. M. Stewart); Four Clubs (Mr. T. O. Bulteel); Fifty Fifty (Mr. D. L. Newbigging); African Eve (Mr. L. Reidy); O-Moon (Mr. R. H. Charles); Little Thunder (Mr. S. Y. Liang).

Won by three lengths; three lengths between second and third. Time: 2mins. 0.4-5secs.

Pari-mutuel:—

Winner: \$32.30.

Places: \$7.50; \$7.10; \$6.60.

Betting.

Grand Tattoo Eve 10 50

Tarnborg 12 30

Picallilli 633 1,008

Four Clubs 488 701

Christmas Chimes 351 650

Fifty Fifty 97 143

African Eve 191 246

Winsome Stag 438 782

O-Moon 48 129

Little Thunder 27 84

10.-Mrs. Bay Handicap "D" Class: One Mile.

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$500; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$200.

Mr. H. S. Chan's Sonny Boy (Mr. Harriman) 1

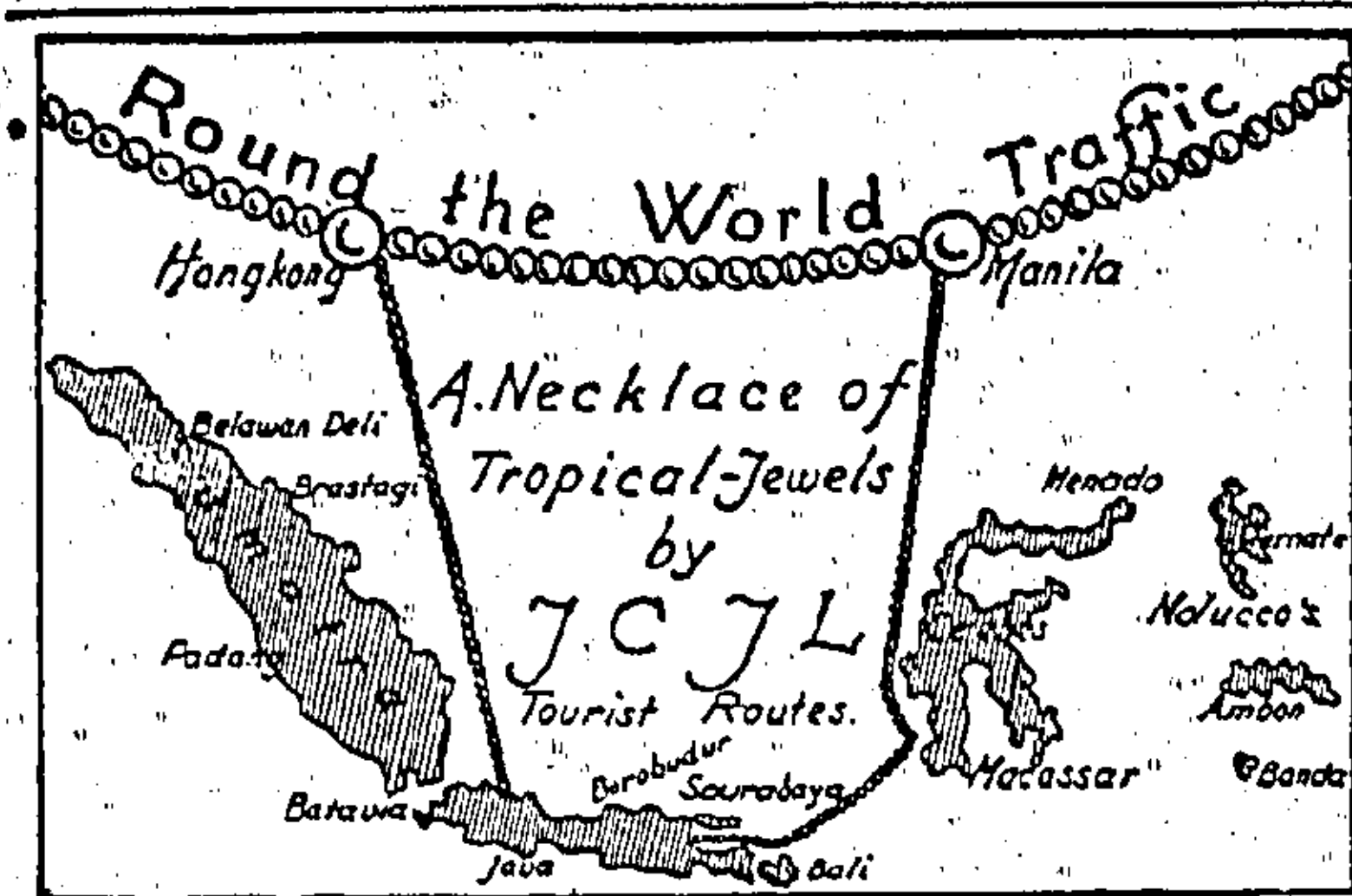
Mr. Brish's As You Like It (Mr. Frost) 2

Mr. Cocktail's Martini Cocktail (Mr. da Roza) 3



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TJISONDARI	S'HAL & AMOI	27th Apr.	29th Apr. Noon	MANILA, M'BAR & SOERABAYA

## NORTH BOUND.

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJILEBOET	JAVA, MAKASSAR	28th Apr.	22nd Apr.	SWATOW & AMOI
TJIKARANG	BATAVIA	30th Apr.	1st May	AMOI & S'HAL

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S.S. "AMON" (3)	Genoa, Rotterdam & Hamburg	31 May
M.V. "HAVELLAND" (2)	Genoa, Rotterdam and Hamburg	16 June

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S.S. "HINDENBURG" (3)	...	9 May
M.V. "HAVELLAND" (2)	...	14 May
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## PREPONDERANCE OF THE GODLESS.

RUSSIAN MASSES AND RELIGION.

BASIC LACK OF RELIGIOUS FEELING.

[UNITED PRESS.]

The world-wide "crusade" against the Soviet Union in defence of religious freedom, under the leadership of the Vatican, has met with almost complete apathy among the broad masses of the Soviet population, insofar as their reaction may be judged from reports reaching Moscow, says a United Press correspondent in Moscow.

Political circles have been profoundly disturbed by the rapid spread of the campaign initiated by Pope Pius XI and quickly seconded by the Canterbury Convocation. They profess to see in it a sinister signal for an economic boycott, at the least, and for an armed intervention.

The active leaders and members of the anti-religious organizations naturally pounced upon the "crusade" as first-rate propagandist material in their effort to win the youth of the nation to atheism. They are utilizing the religious attack as proof of their contention that all religions have in common at least one thing—enmity to socialism and to the one government which is trying to introduce socialism.

### Apathy of the Masses.

But the millionfold masses of peasants spread through the land have observed the foreign attack with equanimity. Their interest is mild and apparently untouched by excitement. Nor is this surprising. Such apathy is entirely in line with the peasant's attitude towards the anti-religious campaign throughout the last twelve years. Where his economic interests were involved—his land, his cows, his pigs—he became excited, sometimes murderous. Even now a powerful section of the peasantry is offering violent resistance to the policy of collectivization, and millions are offering a passive resistance. But the closing of churches, the removal of bells, the expulsion of priests—these things have rarely evoked more than a murmur of opposition. Violent clashes between believers and the Godless have occurred in several villages, but they are so few in comparison to the widespread anti-religious activities that they are negligible.

The huge crowds which watch the razing of churches or monasteries are never sullen or hostile. For the most part they are composed of younger people who heartily approve the work, and often give a helping hand.

A policeman in Moscow leading an arrested priest through the streets attracts less attention than if he were leading a drunkard to the station. Certainly there is never sign of a demonstration.

### Acceptance of the Inevitable?

Does this disinterested signify a basic lack of the religious feeling by the Russian masses? Some observers have advanced that as the plausible explanation. The Tzarist church, they argue, was autocratic, more concerned with ceremonies than with humanity, and in consequence the allegiance of the believers was easily broken.

Does it merely signify a Slav fatalism, an acceptance of the inevitable by the religious elements who find themselves powerless to resist? Certainly the Soviet laws give them little hope of keeping the younger generation within the folds of religion. Religious education to children under 18 outside of their own homes is strictly forbidden. And against the influences which the home provides are grouped the Communist press, the clubs, radio, public schools, sport carnivals: a hundred irresistible influences which are atheistic.

There are still some 30,000 Orthodox religious communities in this country, which at least 50,000 priests still functioning. On important religious days the churches are still filled with worshippers. But everybody here knows that the churchgoers are almost entirely older people, the pre-revolutionary generation. The youth is undoubtedly preponderantly "Godless."

## UKRAINE PLOTTERS SENTENCED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Riga, April 20.—The great Theatre Karkoff was well filled for the trial of forty-five members of the "Union for the Liberation of the Ukraine" charged with plotting the overthrow of Soviet power in Ukraine. The trial was conducted in an excited atmosphere due to the social eminence of the accused. Thirty-seven of those charged were variously sentenced to imprisonment, of three years to ten years. The remainder were ordered to be banished from Ukraine.

## FOREIGN-TRAINED STUDENTS.

INTERESTING FIGURES FROM NANKING.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Nanking is distinctly making a determined effort to get away from the old Peking officialdom which was so characterised by its sluggishness and inefficiency. It is not an accident that the Government is taking to more and more Western ways when a large number of its more responsible officials are returned students from abroad. One is struck by the fact that western influence is more in evidence in those Government organs headed by some foreign educated executives.

There are some 701 returned students in Government service—181 from Europe, 271 from America and 320 from Japan. Considering that there is a total of 4,732 civil officers in the Capital, the number of those who have received their training abroad seems insignificant. However, this seeming insignificance in number is counterbalanced by the big part these men are playing in the National Government. Besides, statistics show that their percentage rises together with rank.

Returned students occupy 50 per cent among the higher Government officials, including Presidents of the Yuan, Ministers, Vice-Ministers, secretaries and departmental chiefs. Of some 23 Presidents and Ministers, 10 are returned students—two from Europe, six from America and two from Japan. Mr. Wang Chung Hui, President of the Judicial Yuan, is one who has received his training in England. The six from America are—Dr. C. T. Wang, Minister of Foreign Affairs; who hails from Yale; Dr. H. H. Kung, Commerce and Labour, from Oberlin; Dr. Chiang Mo-Ling and Mr. Sun Fo, Ministers respectively of Education and Railways, from Columbia; and Mr. T. V. Soong and Dr. Liu Jui Minister and Acting Minister respectively of Finance and Health, from Harvard.

There are 178 returned students among some 309 officials next highest in rank, including the Vice-Ministers, departmental chiefs and members of various Yuan and Government Commissions. Japanese universities claim 70 graduates, American, 97, and European, 59. Of the 479 next higher in rank, there are 293 who have had their training abroad, 134 in America, 96 in Europe and 63 in Japan.

### Two Women Students.

Two Western educated women who stand out in bold relief in Government service are Madame Chiang Kai Shek and Dr. Soumay Tchong, the former being a graduate from Wellesley, the latter from France. They are both members of the Legislative Yuan. Ten other women returned students, five from America, four from Europe and one from Japan, are also serving the Government in various capacities. Owing to the nature of its work, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs claims more returned students on its staff than any other Government organ. The Ministry of Railways, the Ministry of Industry, Commerce and Labour and the Ministry of Communications use more men who have had some technical training abroad. Excepting a few Japanese returned students, the State Council, the highest organ in the National Government, has but one man on its staff in the person of its secretary, Mr. Chien Chang Chao, who has had his training in England.

## COMMUNIST RIOT IN LEIPZIG.

POLICEMAN AND TWO REDS KILLED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Leipzig, April 20.—Young Communists from all over the country concentrated here and this afternoon took part in a demonstration which resulted in a collision with the police. Firearms were used by both the police and the Communists with the result that one policeman and two Communists were killed.

## TAPPING HOLIDAY AGREEMENT.

BIG MAJORITY IN FAVOUR.

Kuala Lumpur, April 14.—The Kuala Lumpur office of the Rubber Growers' Association has been notified from London that producers have assented to a tapping holiday as follows:—Ninety per cent of the producers domiciled in the United Kingdom, 91 per cent of Dutch and other European producers, 79 per cent of local European companies and proprietors in Malaya. The total represents an annual production of 400,000 tons.—Straits Times.

## KING'S INTEREST IN CHINA.

ADMIRAL TU AT THE PALACE.

A NAVAL MISSION.

Admiral H. K. Tu, who was sent over by the Chinese Government to study the navy of the Powers, and who was recently on a visit to England, told a Press representative in London:—"I have been to America and Japan for a month, and I have been here a month, and now I am going to France, Italy, and Germany."

"Two or three days ago I was honoured by having an audience with King George at Buckingham Palace. His Majesty told how interested he was in China and in Chinese affairs, and said how Great Britain and China had always been such traditional friends, and that he hoped we would remain so. He expressed the hope that in visiting the British Navy I had had opportunity to see everything I wanted to see, and that every facility and assistance had been granted to me. I told His Majesty that I had the honour when I was Prime Minister of entertaining Prince George when he visited China in 1926."

"I have also seen Mr. Ramsay MacDonald at Downing Street. He gave me a message to convey back to China that between China and Great Britain there would always be sympathetic understanding and co-operation in the general advancement of Chinese affairs."

### No Enemy in View.

Dealing with the purpose of his visit Admiral Tu said the British naval training, education, organisation, and equipment interested him greatly, and on his return to China he would be able to submit a comprehensive programme to his Government for the gradual extension of the Chinese Navy. "At the moment we have 50,000 to 100,000 tons of ships and 300 officers and crew," he said, "but we need to extend them for the policing of the Chinese waters."

"While we are discussing disarmament you are talking about increasing your Navy?" suggested the interviewer.

"Yes—but not with any view of aggression," he said. "Let me make that quite clear. It is necessary to improve our ships for the policing of our waters. At the moment we have thirty year old ships in use and we must bring them up to date. Of course we have no enemy in view. The Chinese policy has always been a peaceful one. But an improved Navy is necessary for our national defence. I have been to several of your naval ports—Devonport and Portsmouth, and I have seen your shipbuilding yards at Barrow. I have the greatest admiration for the British Navy because in my early days as a cadet I was trained by three British officers, two afloat and one on land. Since then I have been looking forward with anticipation to visiting the country from which they had come."

"The British ships are magnificent. The British system of naval training and education is also best, because, in my opinion, it is best to start training a naval officer at the age of thirteen, when his mind is flexible. He is then liable to make a good officer on the completion of his education. Another sphere which interested me enormously was your training school for seamen who are ready to retire so that when they have left the service they have learned a vocation whereby they can earn a living."



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### Influence of Ancestors.

Most of Admiral Tu's time was taken up with discussions, with Admiralty, naval, and aerial officials, but he found time to visit Westminster Abbey, the Tower, and several other of our ancient buildings. "China is an old country, and we, too, are interested in ancient buildings," he said.

"What impressed me greatly has been the monuments which have been erected to commemorate the brave deeds of your patriots. This must have a great and splendid effect on the younger generation, who must naturally want to emulate their ancestors with their bravery."

"One conclusion I have come to, and that is that naval aviation is an important factor in the defence of any country. One day at Portsmouth I travelled in three different modes, by flying-boat at Calshot, by road, and under the sea by submarine. My experiences in England have taught me a great deal."

### RANSOM OF \$300,000 DEMANDED.

LEADING CHAPEI MERCHANT RECEIVES MISSIVE.

Mr. Wong Yien Ping, Commander-in-Chief of the Chapei Volunteers and chairman of the Chapei Chamber of Commerce, whose 15-year old son was kidnapped on April 11 while returning from the Public School, has received a letter demanding a ransom of \$300,000.

The letter states that if this sum is not forthcoming within five days the youth will be killed and his body thrown into a river.

A postscript to the letter, written in good English, asks that a reply be sent in English through a representative who will communicate with Mr. Wong before the expiration of the five-day period.—N.C. Daily News.

### RUBBER GROWING IN BRAZIL.

BIG NEW FORD ENTERPRISE

[UNITED PRESS.]

Para, Brazil, February 22.—Under management from the central office in this city, the Ford Company continues to develop its concession along the Tapajós river in this state.

The latest accomplishment has been the clearing of land in the locality of Boa Vista, the planting there of rubber plants and the preparation of the equipment necessary for transplantation of young shoots.

For the comfort of employees, houses have been constructed as well as a hospital with a capacity for 150 patients. There have come into existence an electric plant, a large sawmill, a reservoir for fresh water, subterranean steel tanks for petroleum and gasoline and a general emporium where provisions are sold to the employees at a price a little above the cost, to pay for the maintenance of the establishment.

The communications problem was solved by construction of a high-way and telephone lines between Boa Vista and Belém (Para). In December there were 1,800 employees working for the Ford concession in Para.

Washington, April 9.—Hearings on proposals for a passenger, mail and freight service across the Atlantic, through the Panama Canal and thence to the Far East will begin on April 22 before the Post Office Subcommittee.

## BIGGER & BETTER THAN EVER

## CHRONICLE

and

## DIRECTORY

for

# 1930

## Now In Preparation.



## ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

## ALEXANDRIA

Pres. Polk, Dollar, May 4.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.

## AMOEY

Haiyang, Douglas, Apr. 22.  
Ichang, B. & S., April 22.  
Tajuan, B. & S., April 25.  
Haining, Douglas, April 25.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Apr. 25.  
Anhui, B. & S., April 28.  
Tijlboet, J.C.J.L., Apr. 28.  
Haiching, Douglas, Apr. 29.  
Tijlkrang, J.C.J.L., May 1.  
Tilawa, B.I., May 2.  
Yuensang, Jardine's, May 10.  
Takada, B.I., May 13.  
Kumsang, Jardine's, May 17.

## ANTWERP

Nanking, Gilman's, Apr. 22.  
Calchas, R.F., Apr. 29.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 3.  
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Malaya, Manners, May 19.

## AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Aki Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 23.  
Nellore, E. & A., May 2.  
Taiping, B. & S., May 20.  
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., May 21.

## BALTI PORTS

Malaya, Manners, May 19.

## BALTIMORE

Lindenbank, Bank, May 7.

## BANGKOK

Kwanglung, B. & S., Apr. 29.  
Helios, Thoresen, Apr. 27.  
Kaying, B. & S., Apr. 27.  
Hirundo, Thoresen, May 4.  
Hiram, Thoresen, May 11.

## BELAWAN DELI

Cremor, J.C.J.L., Apr. 24.  
Chemnitz, Melchers, Apr. 25.  
Derflinger, Melchers, May 3.  
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.

## BOMBAY

Mirzapore, P. & O., Apr. 23.  
Rajputana, P. & O., Apr. 26.  
Rangoon Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 28.

## BOSTON

Siamese Prince, Furness, Apr. 22.  
Tayama Maru, N.Y.K., May 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, May 4.  
Lindenbank, Bank, May 7.  
Malayan Prince, Furness, May 8.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.  
Royal Prince, Furness, May 22.

## BREMER

Nanking, Gilman's, Apr. 22.  
Chemnitz, Melchers, Apr. 25.  
Derflinger, Melchers, May 3.  
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.

## BRINDISI

Fiume, Dodwell's, Apr. 28.  
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 11.

## CALCUTTA

Namsang, Jardine's, Apr. 25.  
Shirala, B.I., Apr. 28.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 28.  
Kutsang, Jardine's, May 9.  
Takliwa, B.I., May 9.  
Hosang, Jardine's, May 15.

## CEBU

Everett, S.S.S., Apr. 24.  
Golden Peak, S.S.S., May 2.  
Illinois, S.S.S., May 3.

## CHEFOO

Kueichow, B. & S., Apr. 25.

## COLOMBO

D'Artagnan, M.M., Apr. 22.  
Nanking, Gilman's, Apr. 22.  
Mirzapore, P. & O., Apr. 23.  
Chemnitz, Melchers, Apr. 25.  
Fiume, Dodwell's, Apr. 28.  
Rajputana, P. & O., Apr. 26.  
Kulmerland, Jensen, Apr. 28.  
Rangoon Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 28.  
Shirala, B.I., May 2.  
Belatana, P. & O., May 3.  
Derflinger, Melchers, May 3.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 3.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, May 4.  
Angers, M.M., May 6.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 7.  
Kashgar, P. & O., May 10.  
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 11.  
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.  
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.  
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.  
Saarland, Jensen, May 17.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.

## COPENHAGEN

Malaya, Manners, May 19.

## DALNY

Antenor, B.F., Apr. 30.

## DUTCH PORTS

Nanking, Gilman's, Apr. 22.  
Chemnitz, Melchers, Apr. 25.  
Kulmerland, Jensen, Apr. 28.  
Calchas, B.F., Apr. 29.  
Belatana, P. & O., May 3.  
Derflinger, Melchers, May 3.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 3.  
City of Norwich, Bank, May 6.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 7.  
Tacoma Star, Dwell's, May 8.  
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.  
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.  
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.  
Saarland, Jensen, May 17.  
Malaya, Manners, May 19.

## FOOCHOW

Haiyang, Douglas, Apr. 22.  
Haining, Douglas, April 25.  
Haiching, Douglas, April 25.  
Chipshing, Jardine's, May 6.

## GENOA

Chemnitz, Melchers, Apr. 25.  
Fiume, Dodwell's, Apr. 28.  
Kulmerland, Jensen, Apr. 28.  
Delhi, Gilman's, May 2.  
Derflinger, Melchers, May 3.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, May 4.  
Takaka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 11.  
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.  
Saarland, Jensen, May 17.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.

## GLASGOW

Patroclus, B.F., May 14.

## HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW

Canton, M.M., Apr. 21.  
Tonkin, M.M., Apr. 22.  
Kwangtung, B. & S., Apr. 26.  
Chekiang, B. & S., Apr. 27.

## HAMBURG

Nanking, Gilman's, Apr. 22.  
Chemnitz, Melchers, Apr. 25.  
Kulmerland, Jensen, Apr. 28.  
Calchas, B.F., Apr. 29.  
Delhi, Gilman's, May 2.  
Derflinger, Melchers, May 3.  
City of Norwich, Bank, May 6.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 7.  
Tacoma Star, Dwell's, May 8.  
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.  
Saarland, Jensen, May 17.  
Malaya, Manners, May 19.

## HAVRE

Nanking, Gilman's, Apr. 22.  
City of Norwich, Bank, May 6.

## HONOLULU

Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 23.  
Asama Maru, N.Y.K., May 1.  
Heijo Maru, N.Y.K., May 2.  
Tajima Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.

## ILOILO

Everett, S.S.S., Apr. 24.  
Golden Peak, S.S.S., May 2.  
Illinois, S.S.S., May 3.

## JAPAN PORTS

Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Apr. 22.  
Sphinx, M.M., Apr. 22.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 23.  
Mantua, P. & O., Apr. 25.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Apr. 25.  
Diomed, B.F., Apr. 26.  
Pembroke, Jardine's, Apr. 28.  
Hakodate Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 28.  
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 28.  
Ammon, J.C.J.L., Apr. 29.  
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Apr. 29.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Apr. 30.  
Japan, Gilman's, Apr. 30.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 30.  
Viminale, Dwell's, Apr. 30.  
Asama Maru, N.Y.K., May 1.  
Heijo Maru, N.Y.K., May 2.  
Tilawa, B.I., May 2.  
General Metzinger, M.M., May 6.  
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., May 6.  
Labore, P. & O., May 8.  
Gleniffer, Jardine's, May 9.  
Hindenburg, Jensen, May 9.  
Khiva, P. & O., May 9.  
Tyndareus, B.F., May 10.  
Yuensang, Jardine's, May 10.  
Alipore, P. & O., May 11.  
Tajima Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, May 13.  
Takliwa, B.I., May 13.  
Havelland, Jensen, May 14.  
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., May 15.  
Aller, Melchers, May 17.  
Kumsang, Jardine's, May 17.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., May 20.

## JAVA PORTS

Tjisaraea J.C.J.L., Apr. 22.  
Tjisondari, J.C.J.L., Apr. 29.

## LIVERPOOL

Tacoma Star, Dwell's, May 8.  
Takaka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.

## LONDON

Fiume, Dodwell's, Apr. 28.  
Rajputana, P. & O., Apr. 26.  
Calchas, B.F., Apr. 29.  
Belatana, P. & O., May 3.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 3.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, May 4.  
Angers, M.M., May 6.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 7.  
Kashgar, P. & O., May 10.  
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 11.  
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.  
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.  
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.  
Saarland, Jensen, May 17.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.

## LOS ANGELES

Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Apr. 22.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 23.  
Heijo Maru, N.Y.K., May 2.  
Tajima Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., May 20.

## MANILA

Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Apr. 22.  
Aki Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 23.  
Everett, S.S.S., Apr. 24.  
Siamese Prince, Furness, Apr. 24.  
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Apr. 24.  
Kulmerland, Jensen, Apr. 28.  
Tjisondari, J.C.J.L., Apr. 29.  
Golden Peak, S.S.S., May 2.  
Nellore, E. & A., May 2.  
Derflinger, Melchers, May 3.  
Patroclus, B.F., May 3.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, May 4.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, May 6.  
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., May 7.  
Malayan Prince, Furness, May 8.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., May 10.  
Saarland, Jensen, May 17.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.  
Taiping, B. & S., May 20.  
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., May 21.

## MARSEILLES

D'Artagnan, M.M., Apr. 22.  
Chemnitz, Melchers, Apr. 25.  
Rajputana, P. & O., Apr. 26.  
Calchas, B.F., Apr. 29.  
Belatana, P. & O., May 3.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 3.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, May 4.  
Angers, M.M., May 6.  
Kashgar, P. & O., May 10.  
Takaka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.  
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.  
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.  
Saarland, Jensen, May 17.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.

## NAPLES

Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 3.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, May 4.  
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.

## NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Siamese Prince, Furness, Apr. 22.  
Tayama Maru, N.Y.K., May 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, May 4.  
Lindenbank, Bank, May 7.  
Malayan Prince, Furness, May 8.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.  
Royal Prince, Furness, May 22.

## OSLO

Nanking, Gilman's, Apr. 22.  
Malaya, Manners, May 20.

## PANAMA

Tayama Maru, N.Y.K., May 1.  
Heijo Maru, N.Y.K., May 2.

## PENANG

Mirzapore, P. & O., Apr. 23.  
Cremor, J.C.J.L., Apr. 24.  
Namsang, Jardine's, Apr. 25.  
Rajputana, P. & O., Apr. 26.  
Rangoon Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 28.  
Shirala, B.I., Apr. 28.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 29.  
Delhi, Gilman's, May 2.  
Belatana, P. & O., May 3.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 3.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, May 4.  
Tacoma Star, Dwell's, May 8.  
Kutsang, Jardine's, May 9.  
Takliwa, B.I., May 9.  
Kashgar, P. & O., May 10.  
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.  
Hosang, Jardine's, May 15.  
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.

## PORTLAND

Texas, S.S.S., Apr. 26.  
Golden Sun, S.S.S., May 3.  
Boliver, Bank, May 13.

## RANGOON

Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 29.

## SAIGON

D'Artagnan, M.M., Apr. 22.  
Angers, M.M., May 6.

## SANDAKAN

Hinsang, Jardine's, Apr. 29.  
Nellore, E. & A., May 2.  
Mausang, Jardine's, May 10.

## SAN FRANCISCO

Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Apr. 22.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 23.  
Texas, S.S.S., Apr. 26.  
Asama Maru, N.Y.K., May 1.  
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., May 6.  
Everett, S.S.S., May 10.  
Tajima Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., May 20.

## SCANDINAVIAN PORTS

Nanking, Gilman's, Apr. 22.  
Delhi, Gilman's, May 2.  
Malaya, Manners, May 20.

## SEATTLE

Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Apr. 29.  
Tyndareus, B.F., May 10.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, May 13.  
Boliver, Bank, May 13.

## SHANGHAI

Ichang, B. & S., April 22.  
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Apr. 22.  
Sphinx, M.M., Apr. 22.  
Szechuen, B. & S., Apr. 22.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Apr. 23.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 23.  
Tajuan, B. & S., Apr. 23.  
Mantua, P. & O., Apr. 25.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Apr. 25.  
Pembroke, Jardine's, Apr. 26.  
Foshing, Jardine's, Apr. 27.  
Hakodate Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 27.  
Seochow, B. & S., Apr. 27.  
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 28.  
Ammon, Jensen, Apr. 29.  
Antenor, B.F., Apr. 30.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Apr. 30.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, Apr. 30.  
Japan, Gilman's, Apr. 30.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 30.  
Viminale, Dwell's, Apr. 30.  
Asama Maru, N.Y.K., May 1.  
Tijikarang, J.C.J.L., May 1.  
General Metzinger, M.M., May 6.  
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., May 6.  
Saarbruecken, Melchers, May 7.  
Labore, P. & O., May 8.  
Gleniffer, Jardine's, May 9.  
Hindenburg, Jensen, May 9.  
Khiva, P. & O., May 9.  
Yuensang, Jardine's, May 10.  
Tajima Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, May 13.  
Havelland, Jensen, May 14.  
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., May 15.  
Aller, Melchers, May 17.  
Kumsang, Jardine's, May 17.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., May 20.

## SINGAPORE

D'Artagnan, M.M., Apr. 22.  
Nanking, Gilman's, Apr. 22.  
Mirzapore, P. & O., Apr. 23.  
Cremor, J.C.J.L., Apr. 24.  
Chemnitz, Melchers, Apr. 25.  
Namsang, Jardine's, Apr. 25.  
Fiume, Dodwell's, Apr. 28.  
Kwantsung, B. & S., Apr. 28.  
Rajputana, P. & O., Apr. 26.  
Anhui, B. & S., April 28.  
Beltana, P. & O., Apr. 29.  
Shirala, B.I., Apr. 28.  
Calchas, B.F., Apr. 29.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Apr. 29.  
Delhi, Gilman's, May 2.  
Derflinger, Melchers, May 3.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 3.  
Kulmerland, Jensen, May 4.  
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., May 5.  
Angers, M.M., May 6.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 7.  
City of Pekin, Bank, May 9.  
Kutsang, Jardine's, May 9.  
Takliwa, B.I., May 9.  
Kashgar, P. & O., May 10.  
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Fiume, Dodwell's, May 11.  
Remscheid, Melchers, May 13.  
Patroclus, B.F., May 14.  
Hosang, Jardine's, May 15.  
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Nagapore, P. & O., May 17.  
Saarland, Jensen, May 17.  
Pres. Adams, Dollar, May 18.  
Malaya, Manners, May 19.

## SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

Tinhow, Bank, Apr. 22.  
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., May 5.

## SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS

Heijo Maru, N.Y.K., May 2.  
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., May 5.

## SWATOW

Haiyang, Douglas, Apr. 22.  
Szechuen, B. & S., Apr. 22.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Apr. 23.  
Haining, Douglas, Apr. 25.  
Foshing, Jardine's, Apr. 27.  
Helios, Thoresen, Apr. 27.  
Kaying, B. & S., Apr. 27.  
Seochow, B. & S., Apr. 27.  
Anhui, B. & S., April 28.  
Tijlboet, J.C.J.L., Apr. 28.  
Haiching, Douglas, Apr. 29.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, Apr. 30.  
Hirundo, Thoresen, May 4.  
Chipshing, Jardine's, May 6.  
Hiram, Thoresen, May 11.

## TIENTSIN

Kueichow, B. & S., Apr. 25.  
Chipshing, Jardine's, May 6.

## TRIESTE AND VENICE

Fiume, Dodwell's, Apr. 28.  
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 11.

## TSINGTAO

Szechuen, B. & S., Apr. 22.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Apr. 23.  
Foshing, Jardine's, Apr. 27.  
Seochow, B. & S., Apr. 27.  
Antenor, B.F., Apr. 30.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, Apr. 30.

## VANCOUVER, B.C.

Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Apr. 30.  
Tyndareus, B.F., May 10.  
Boliver, Bank, May 13.  
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., May 15.

## VICTORIA, B.C.

Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Apr. 29.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Apr. 30.  
Tyndareus, B.F., May 10.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, May 13.  
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., May 15.

## VLADIVOSTOCK

Pembroke, Jardine's, Apr. 28.  
Gleniffer, Jardine's, May 9.

## WEIHAIWEI

Kueichow, B. & S., Apr. 25.

A  
COMPREHENSIVE AND COM-  
PLETE REPORT  
of the  
NEWS OF THE FAR EAST  
is given in the  
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WEEKLY  
PRESS,"  
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## EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

Achilles due from Europe May 16.  
Aki Maru arrived from Japan Apr. 21.

Alipore due from Europe May 10.  
Aller due from Europe May 17.  
Ammon due from Europe Apr. 29.  
Angers due from Japan May 6.  
Antenor due from Europe Apr. 30.  
Anyo Maru due from Japan May 18.

Asama Maru arrived from Shang-  
hai Apr. 21.  
Beltana due from Japan May 2.  
Bolivier due from New York May 13.

Bonneville due from Europe May 12.  
Chemnitz due from Europe Apr. 24.  
City of Norwich due from Europe Apr. 26.

Comliebank due from New York May 6.  
D'Artagnan due from Shanghai Apr. 22.  
Delhi due from Japan May 1.  
Derflinger due from Japan May 2.

Emp. of Canada due from Van-  
couver May 8.  
Emp. of Russia due Vancouver Apr. 28.  
Fiume due from Japan Apr. 25.

Fushimi Maru due from Singapore Apr. 29.  
Fusiama due from Europe May 17.  
General Metzinger due from Europe May 6.

Gleniffer due from Europe May 8.  
Glenogle due from Europe May 22.  
Hakata Maru due from Europe May 4.

Hakodate Maru due from Japan Apr. 28.  
Hakone Maru due from Europe May 18.  
Havelland due from Europe May 13.

Hector due from Europe May 30.  
Hindenburg due from Europe May 9.  
Idomeneus due from Japan May 20.

Isar due from Japan May 24.  
Japan due from Europe Apr. 30.  
Kaga Maru arrived from Europe Apr. 20.

Kashgar due from Japan May 10.  
Kashima Maru due from Singapore May 2.  
Khiva due from Europe May 8.

Kulmerland due from Shanghai May 2.  
Labore due from Europe May 7.  
Malaya due from Japan May 18.

Mantua due from Europe Apr. 24.  
Mirzapore due from Shanghai Apr. 22.

Nagapore due from Japan May 18.  
Nellore due from Japan May 1.  
Oakbank due from New York May 24.  
Canfa arrived from Shanghai Apr. 20.

Entroclus due from Japan May 13.  
Pembroke due from Europe Apr. 24.

Phenius due from Europe May 9.  
Pres. Adams due from Japan May 18.

Pres. Cleveland arrived from Shanghai Apr. 21.  
Pres. Garfield arrived from Shanghai Apr. 19.

Pres. Jackson due from U.S.A. May 9.  
Pres. Lincoln arrived from Manila Apr. 20.

Pres. Madison due from Shanghai Apr. 25.  
Pres. Pierce due from Japan May 4.

Pres. Polk due from U.S.A. May 3.  
Rajputana due from Shanghai Apr. 25.

Rangoon Maru due from Japan Apr. 27.  
Remscheid due from Japan May 8.  
Saarbruecken due from Europe May 7.

Sado Maru due from Singapore Apr. 20.  
Sauerland arrived from Shanghai Apr. 19.

Shirala due from Japan Apr. 27.  
Siamese Prince due from Shanghai Apr. 22.



# CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SZECHUEN"	On 23rd Apr.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"ICHANG"	On 25th Apr.	3 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"TAIYUAN"	On 25th Apr.	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 25th Apr.	11 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KWANGTUNG"	On 25th Apr.	11 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SOOCHOW"	On 27th Apr.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"CHENXIANG"	On 27th Apr.	11 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"FAYING"	On 27th Apr.	1 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"ANHUI"	On 29th Apr.	5 p.m.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
Telephone Central 36.  
Agents.  
CARGO AND PASSENGER OIL BY INWARD AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

## AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED.

"CHANGTE" & "TAIPIING"  
THREE NEW VESSELS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM  
HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS  
Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports  
Steamers & Motor Vessels of 1,000 to 2,000 Tons in Accordance with  
HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

Steamer	Days from Hong Kong	Days to Ball
TAIPIING	13th May	20th May
CHANGTE	10th June	17th June
TAIPIING	11th July	18th July
CHANGTE	8th August	15th August

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Telephone Central 36.  
Agents.

## THE EAST ASIATIC CO. LTD.

COPENHAGEN.

The M.S. "AMLAYA"  
on or about  
19th MAY

PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, DUNKIRK, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN  
AND OTHER SCANDINAVIAN & BALTIC PORTS.

## SAILING LIST.

Other Sailings:	SHANGHAI, ETC.	CONTINENT, ETC.
M.S. "Danmark"	1st May	11th June
M.S. "Panama"	1st June	10th July
M.S. "Java"	1st July	10th Aug.
M.S. "Asia"	1st August	10th Sept.

Optional Bills of Lading issued to United Kingdom Ports.  
For further particulars, please apply to—

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MERCANTILE BANK BUILDING.

Telephone C. 4071.

[41]

## PRINCE LINE

AUGMENTED SERVICE  
SAILINGS EVERY 14 DAYS

TO  
BOSTON

AND  
NEW YORK

"SIAMSE PRINCE" ... Apr. 22nd  
"MALAYAN PRINCE" ... May 8th  
"ROYAL PRINCE" ... May 22nd

Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.

For Freight, Passage Rates and Full Particulars, Apply to—

FURNESS (FAR EAST), LIMITED.

Telephone: Central 3165.

(Incorporated in Great Britain)

[19]



## FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

Sailings from Hong Kong:

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.

To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.

L'ARTAGNAN	22nd Apr.	SPHINX	22nd Apr.
ANGERS	6th May	G. METZINGER	6th May
SPHINX	20th May	ANDRE LEBON	20th May
G. METZINGER	3rd June	PORTHOUS	3rd June
ANDRE LEBON	17th June	CHENONCEAUX	17th June
PORTHOUS	1st July	ATHOS II	1st July
CHENONCEAUX	15th July	D'ARTAGNAN	15th July
ATHOS II	29th July	ANGERS	29th July

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Syria, Persia, East Africa, Madagascar by Transshipment on our Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or Djibouti.

## COMMERCIAL LINE

For DUNKIRK via Port-Said, Oran, Casablanca, Algiers, Rotterdam, (Antwerp).

For Full Particulars, apply to—

Cie des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

Telephone: C. 451 and 440.

[3]

## ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	Wind	APRIL 20, 1930.		APRIL 21, 1930.	
		Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer
Wladivostok	12	30.34	78.0	30.36	78.0
Nemuro	11	30.16	76.0	30.16	76.0
Hokodate	10	30.06	76.0	30.06	76.0
Tokio	9	30.06	76.0	30.06	76.0
Kobe	8	30.00	76.0	30.00	76.0
Nagasaki	7	29.90	75.0	29.90	75.0
Kagoshima	6	29.80	75.0	29.80	75.0
Oshima	5	30.00	76.0	30.00	76.0
Naha	4	30.02	76.0	30.02	76.0
Ishigakijima	3	30.02	76.0	30.02	76.0
Honshu Island	2	30.06	76.0	30.06	76.0
Chefoo	15	30.02	76.0	30.02	76.0
Shanghai	14	29.95	76.0	29.95	76.0
Gutzlaff	13	29.98	76.0	29.98	76.0
Sharp Peak	12	29.90	75.0	29.90	75.0
Amoy	11	29.90	75.0	29.90	75.0
Swatow	10	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Taihooku	9	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Taihu	8	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Tainan	7	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Koshu	6	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Pescadore	5	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Hong Kong	14	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Gap Rock	13	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Macao	12	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Hoihow	11	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Pratas Island	10	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Phulien	9	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Tourane	8	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Cape St. James	7	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Basco	6	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Apurri	5	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Tuguegarao	4	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Vigan	3	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Manila	2	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Legaspi	1	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Calbayog	15	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Tacoloban	14	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Iloilo	13	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Cebu	12	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Surigao	11	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Saipan	10	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Guam	9	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Yap	8	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Pelaw	7	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Ponape	6	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0
Labuan	5	29.88	75.0	29.88	75.0

April 20d. 17h. 25m.—Warning to Hong Kong Coast Ports, &c.—Typhoon of unknown intensity within 120 miles of Lat. 12° N. Long. 116° E., moving W.  
April 21d. 10h. 30m.—Warning to Hong Kong Coast Ports, &c.—Typhoon of unknown intensity within 120 miles of Lat. 12° N. Long. 116° E., stationary or very slow.  
April 21d. 10h. 55m.—The Korean depression has deepened and moved to the north of Tokio.  
The depression or typhoon in the China Sea appears to be nearly stationary about 250 miles S. of the Maclesfield.  
Shanghai warning, 30d. 21h. 40m.—Typhoon of unknown intensity within 120 miles of Lat. 14° N. Long. 116° E., moving W. Red. 20d. 23h. 29m.  
Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1, 11.82 inches, against an average of 9.60 inches.

## FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON APRIL 22.

- 1.—Formosa Channel
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamook
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

N.E. winds, moderate.

E. winds, moderate; generally cloudy.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

## HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, April 21.

	Previous Day at 4 p.m.	On Date at 10 a.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Barometer	29.81	29.83	29.82
Temperature	78	73	79
Humidity	79	83	78
Wind			
Direction	E	E	E
Force	3	3	3
Weather	B	O	C
Rain	0.0	0.00	0.00

Highest open-air Temperature, 20.79

Lowest open-air Temperature, 21.74

B—Blue sky; C—Cloudy; D—Drizzle; F—Fog; L—Lightning; M—Mist; O—Overcast; P—Passing showers; Q—Squalls; R—Rain; T—Thunder.

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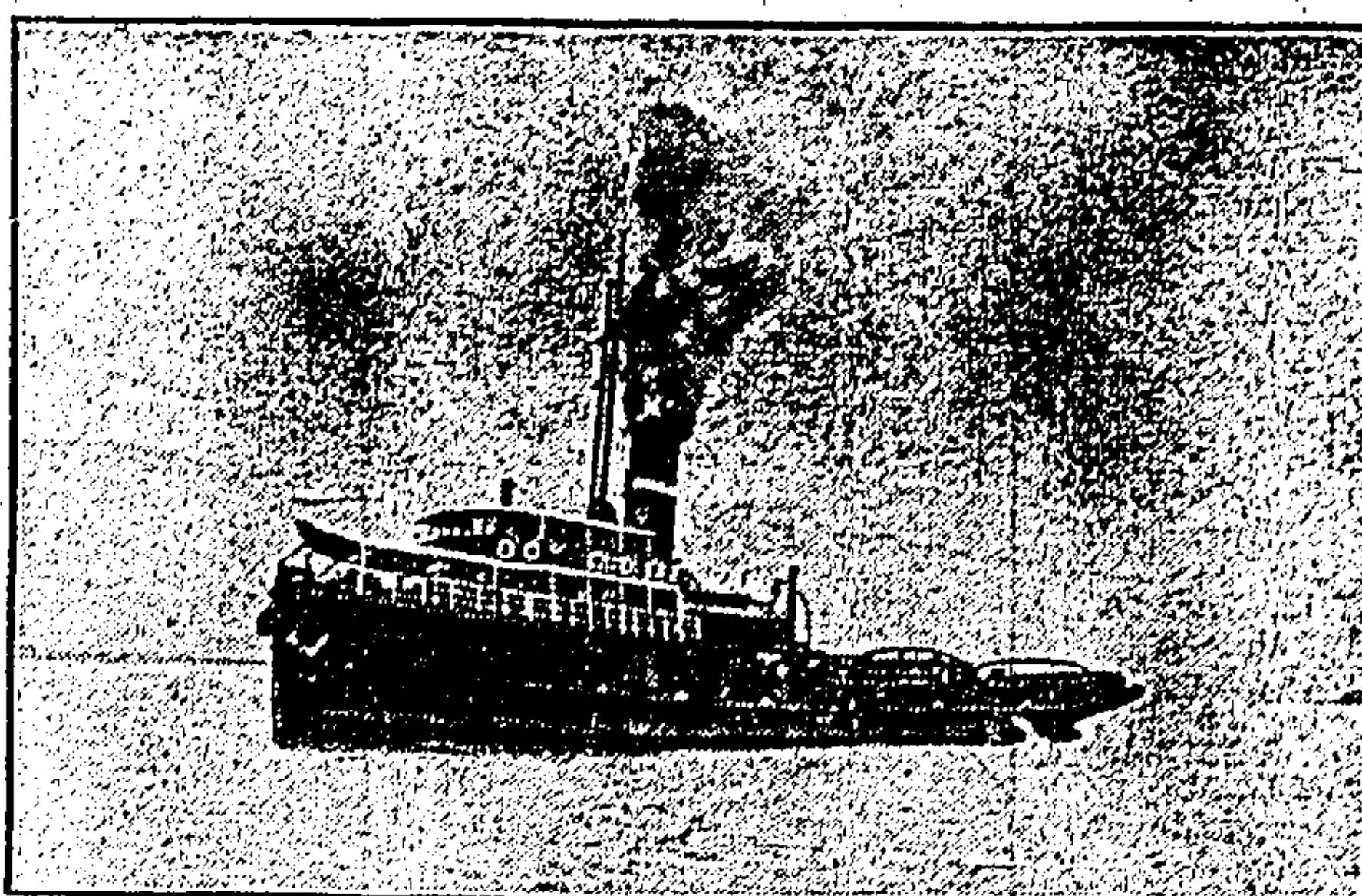
11, Ice House Street.

## THE HONG KONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO, HONGKONG."

Codes Used: A1, A.B.C. Fifth Edition; Engineering: First and Second Edition; Western Union and Watkins.

Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers,  
Iron, Steel and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.



Steel Twin-Screw Ocean-going Tug and Salvage Steamer  
"Henry Keswick"

Built, engine and equipped complete by The Hong Kong & Whampoa Dock Co. Ltd., Hong Kong, for their own service, 1921. Length 105' B.P., Breadth 34' (m), Depth 17' (m), L.H.P. 2,000. Fitted with electrically driven submersible and centrifugal pumps, air compressor, wireless, searchlight and all modern appliances for Salvage Works.

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B. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hong Kong.

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KWAISANG" "FOOHSING" "HOFANG"	Wed., 23rd Apr., at 7 a.m. Sun., 27th Apr., at 7 a.m. Wed., 30th Apr., at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOT, SHAL MOIT & KOBE	"SUISANG" "YUENSANG" "KUMSANG"	Fri., 25th Apr., at 7 a.m. Sat., 10th May, at 7 a.m. Sat., 17th May, at 7 a.m.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"YAMSANG" "KUTSANG" "KOSANG"	Fri., 25th Apr., at 3 p.m. Fri., 9th May, at 3 p.m. Thurs., 15th May, at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	"HINSANG" "MAUSANG"	Tues., 30th Apr., at Noon Sat., 10th May, at 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN via SWATOW & FOCHOW	"CHIPSHING"	Tues., 6th May, at 7 a.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON &amp; CO., LTD.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

Telephone: CENTRAL No. 215.

## GLEN LINE.

FARE: HONG KONG TO LONDON £32

TO LONDON, ROTTERDAM &amp; HAMBURG via STRAITS &amp; COLOMBO

Motor Vessel "GLENBEG" ... 7th May  
Steamship "GLENIFFER" ... 4th June

TO SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA &amp; VLADIVOSTOK

Steamship "PEMBROKESHIRE" ... 26th April  
Steamship "GLENIFFER" ... 9th May  
Motor Vessel "GLENOGLE" ... 23rd May  
Steamship "GLENSHANE" ... 9th June  
Motor Vessel "GLENAMOI" ... 23rd June

For Freight, Passage and further Particulars, apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON &amp; CO., LTD.

AGENTS: THE GLEN LINE, LTD.



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THROUGH BOOKINGS TO LONDON: Cabin class only  
THROUGH BOOKINGS TO AMERICA VIA EUROPE  
AND TO EUROPE VIA AMERICA

## NEXT SAILINGS TO EUROPE:—

Express Freight S.S. "Chemnitz" ... departure 25th Apr.  
Pass. S.S. "DERFFLINGER" ... departure 3rd May  
Freight S.S. "Renscheid" ... departure 18th May  
Express Freight S.S. "Isar" ... departure 25th May  
Pass. S.S. "SAARBUECKEN" ... departure 31st May  
Passenger steamers sailing via Manila and Ports to Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen.  
Freight steamers sailing via Singapore and Ports to Marseilles, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen.

## NEXT ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE:—

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & N. CHINA (Passenger steamers)  
Pass. S.S. "SAARBUECKEN" ... due here 7th May  
Freight S.S. "Aller" ... due here 17th May  
Pass. S.S. "COBLENZ" ... due here 4th June

## HONG KONG—NEW GUINEA

S.S. "BREMERHAVEN"

will sail from Hong Kong to RABAU

at the end of MAY.

## MELCHERS & CO.,

AGENTS, HONG KONG.  
3, Chester Road, Queen's Building.

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

HONG KONG &amp; SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast High Class Coast Steamers, Sailings  
subject to alteration without notice.

## SWATOW, AMOY &amp; FOCHOW

(Occupying 8 to 9 Days)

HAIYANG ... Tuesday, the 22nd Apr., at 2 p.m.  
HAINING ... Friday, the 25th Apr., at 3 p.m.  
HAICHING ... Tuesday, the 29th Apr., at 3 p.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).  
Round Trip Tickets will be issued from Hong Kong to Fochow (Pagoda Anchorage) or vice-versa and Return by the same Steamer at the Reduced Rate of \$50.00 including meals while the Steamer is in Port.

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DOUGLAS LARPAIK &amp; CO.,

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## CANADIAN PACIFIC

### NEXT SAILINGS

To MANILA	To THE PACIFIC COAST
E/CANADA... 5 P.M., May 7th	E/ASIA..... NOON, April 30th
E/RUSSIA... 5 P.M., May 27th	E/CANADA... NOON, May 15th

WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM



### REDUCE THROUGH TICKETS TO EUROPE VIA U.S.A.

DEPARTING FOR 200 2020

<b>SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports &amp; Honolulu</b>		
SHINYO MARU	Wednesday,	23rd April
ASAMA MARU	Thursday,	1st May
<b>SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai &amp; Japan Ports.</b>		
MISHIMA MARU	Friday,	20th June
<b>LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,</b>		
<b>via Singapore, Penang, Colombo &amp; Suez.</b>		
KASHIMA MARU	Saturday,	3rd May
<b>SYDNEY &amp; MELBOURNE via Manila &amp; Ports.</b>		
AKI MARU	Wednesday,	23rd April
RAGA MARU	Wednesday,	21st May
<b>BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang &amp; Colombo.</b>		
+ BANGCOON MARU	Monday,	28th April
<b>SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,</b>		
<b>Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.</b>		
BEIYO MARU	Friday,	2nd May
<b>SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape</b>		
<b>Town &amp; Ports.</b>		
HAKATA MARU	Monday,	5th May
<b>NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.</b>		
+ TSUYAMA MARU	Thursday,	1st May
<b>LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Constantinople, Genoa &amp;</b>		
<b>Marseilles.</b>		
+ TAKAKOMA MARU	Saturday,	10th May
<b>CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang &amp; Rangoon.</b>		
+ PENANG MARU	Tuesday,	29th April
<b>SHANGHAI, KOBE &amp; YOKOHAMA.</b>		
+ HAKODATE MARU	Sunday,	27th April
FUSHIMI MARU	Monday,	28th April
SADO MARU	Wednesday,	30th April

For further information, apply to—  
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.  
Telephone: C. No. 292, 3397 and 3321 (Private exchanges to all Deptns.) (7)



### FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Fiume, Genoa, All Italian, Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea and Danube Ports. Taking Passengers to London Overland via Brindisi, Venice or Trieste

### NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG

	For Shanghai & Japan	For Singapore & Europe
S.S. "FIUME-L"	...	25th Apr.
S.S. "VENEZIA-L"	...	11th May
M.V. "HIMALAYA"	...	18th Apr.
M.V. "VIMINALE"	...	24th May

\* Cargo steamers only.  
\* Refrigerated Space available for perishable goods.  
All dates are subject to alteration without notice.

For Freight and Passages apply to—  
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Tel. C. 1030. Agents.

## Shipping News Daily Statement, Waterfront News, etc.

### YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 5,700 TONS;  
THROUGH CARGO  
10,100 TONS.

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office, of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:

British	Cargo for H.K.	For
Swatow	689	1,236
Hai Yang	Swatow	250
Kaying	Swatow	1,600
Taiyuan	Shanghai	200
Antung	Hoihow	350
American		3,059
Pres. Lincoln	Manila	193
		2,139
Dutch		193
Tjisroea, Amoy		465
Norwegian		1,772
Helis, Bangkok		1,772
Japanese		6,022
Alaska Maru	Kobe	371
		6,022
Chinese		57
Shiu Hing	Macao	57
Eng Lee	Chefoo	200
Tai Lee	Canton	90
		347
Total		5,774
		10,169

### ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:

British	Arr.	Dep.
American	1	0
Dutch	1	0
Norwegian	1	0
Japanese	3	3
Chinese	5	3
Total	13	9

### ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS.

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:

Haiyang (Br.) Foochow	303
Taiyuan (Br.) Shanghai	144
Amoy	177
Antung (Br.) Hoihow, Singapore	79
Pres. Lincoln (Am.) Manila	397
Tjisroea (Dutch) Batavia, Amoy	41
Tak Hing (Chinese) Autau	1,146
Total	1,146

### WARSHIPS IN PORT.

The following warships were in port yesterday:

Basin—Tamar, Sepoy, Somme.  
North Arm—Serapis.  
West Wall—Hermes.  
In Dock—Seamew.  
No. 6 Buoy—Cumberland.  
No. 12 Buoy—Sandwich.  
No. 13 Buoy—Marazion.  
Foreign Men of War.—U.S. gunboat Mindanao, and U.S.S. Jason.  
Heron, Avocet, Portuguese cruiser Admistrer, French gunboat Argus, Chinese Hai Kung.

### ARRIVALS.

April 20.  
Alaska Maru, Japanese str., 4,533 tons, Capt. K. Orihara, from Shanghai, buoy No. A23—O.S.K.  
Helios, Norwegian str., 1,113 tons, Capt. W. Hannevig, from Swatow, buoy No. C33—Thorson & Co.  
Tjisroea, Dutch str., 7,089 tons, Capt. D. Pals, from Amoy, buoy No. A24—J.C.J.L.

April 21.  
Antung, British str., 2,107 tons, Capt. G. A. Morse, from Hoihow, buoy No. B11—B. & S.  
Chenann, British str., 1,335 tons, Capt. A. Cook, from Canton, Taikoo Dock—B. & S.  
Eng Lee, Chinese str., 865 tons, Capt. H. Maki, from Swatow, buoy No. C40—Yee Tai Hong.  
Pennsylvania, American str., 3,225 tons, Capt. T. W. Johnson, from Kobe, Stonecutters—States S.S. Co.  
Gozen Maru, Japanese str., 1,830 tons, Capt. N. Nakatsuka, from Amoy, Yamatani—Wada Jimusho.

Ryujin Maru, Japanese str., 907 tons, Capt. I. Yamazaki, from Canton, buoy No. C44—Y.K.K.  
Szechuen, British str., 1,591 tons, Capt. C. E. Fisher, from Canton, buoy No. B8—B. & S.  
Tai Lee, Chinese str., 1,044 tons, Capt. Z. Masaki, from Canton, buoy No. B33—Loong Tai Hong.

Taiyuan, British str., 2,109 tons, Capt. R. Robertson, from Amoy, buoy No. B34—B. & S.  
Tetsuzan Maru, Japanese str., 1,241 tons, Capt. Sakurai, from Canton, buoy No. C49—Wada Jimusho.

The s.s. Mirzapore left Shanghai for this port on the 18th instant at 3 p.m., and is due here on the 22nd instant at about 8 a.m.

### CLEARANCES.

April 21.  
Alaska Maru, for Singapore.  
Antung, for Swatow.  
Canton, for Haiphong.  
Fingal, for Singapore.  
Gozen Maru, for Rangoon.  
Hydrangea, for Swatow.  
President Lincoln, for Shanghai.  
Szechuen, for Swatow.  
Taiyuan, for Canton.  
Takao Maru, for Swatow.  
Tetsuzan Maru, for Samarinda.  
Tonkin, for Kwang Chow Wan.

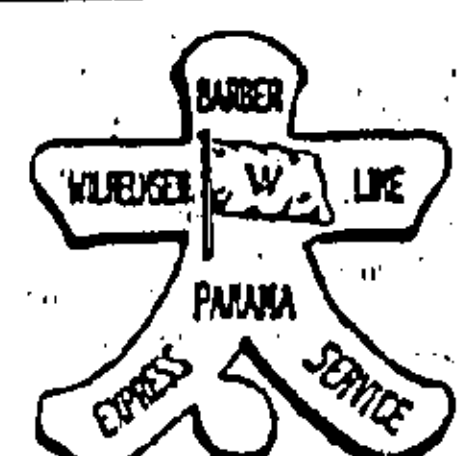
### SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following vessels were in harbour yesterday:

Wharves—Kowloon: Pres. Lincoln, Isar, China Merchants: Tai-pooak; Douglas Lapraik: Haiyang.  
Docks—Kowloon: Ho Sang, Ekstrand, Prosper, Fingal, Princess; Taikoo: Solviken, Luchow, Kaimilo, Chinhua, Charles Har-douin, Paul Beau, Kinshau.

Buoys—A1 Shinyo Maru, B7 Helikon, B9 Szechuen, A10 Antung, B11 Antung, B13 Kaying, C14 Hal-vard, C17 Hermod, B34 Tjisroea, A25 Alaska Maru, B34 Taiyuan, C33 Helios, B36 Takao Maru, C37 Ichang, B38 Tai Lee, C39 Nampeng, C40 Feng Lee, C41 Tonkin, C42 Ducat, C43 Canton, C44 Ryujin Maru, C49 Tetsuzan Maru.

The s.s. Mirzapore left Shanghai for this port on the 18th instant at 3 p.m., and is due here on the 22nd instant at about 8 a.m.



## BARBER WILHELMSEN LINE.

THE PREMIER ALL WATER ROUTE TO NEW YORK and other U.S. Atlantic Ports via Panama.

All vessels call at SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES en route.

Passengers desiring to travel by this interesting route will find the accommodation provided well up to their expectations, and at a cost most reasonable.

42 Days To New York

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## BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR

**ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.**

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

S.S. "CITY OF NORWICH" ... Havre, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull... 6th May

S.S. "CITY OF SHANGHAI" ... London, Rotterdam & Hamburg... 6th June

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE... AMERICAN AND MANHATTAN LINE

S.S. "CITY OF DUNDEE" ... 12th June

ALSO AGENTS FOR

**ANDREW WEIR & CO.**

SERVICES TO

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE... AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE

M.V. "LINDENBANK" ... 7th May

M.V. "COMLIEBANK" ... 7th June

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA ... ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE

"TINHOW" ... 22nd April

Loading for Mauritius, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay (Port Elizabeth), Mossel Bay and Capetown.  
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STRAITS, JAVA, BULMA, OCEAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE, GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, RUSSIA, SIBERIA, PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.  
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"MIRZAPORE"	6,115	23rd Apr.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"RAJPUTANA"	10,000	26th Apr.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	10th May	Mars., L'don, Hull, B'dm. & A'werp
"NAGPORE"	5,483	17th May [Mars.]	L'don, Hull, B'dm. & A'werp
"MANTUA"	10,946	24th May	Bombay, Mars. & London.
"KHYBER"	9,114	31st May [Mars.]	L'don, Hull, B'dm. & A'werp
"KHYBER"	9,135	7th June	Mars., L'don, Hull, B'dm. & A'werp
"KHYBER"	16,801	21st June	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"LABORE"	9,304	28th June [Mars.]	L'don, Hull, B'dm. & A'werp
"KASHMIR"	9,135	5th July	Mars., L'don, Hull, B'dm. & A'werp
"MORLA"	10,954	12th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"JEYPORE"	9,318	26th July [Mars.]	L'don, Hull, B'dm. & A'werp
"KALYAN"	9,144	2nd Aug.	Mars., L'don, Hull, B'dm. & A'werp
"RAJPUTANA"	10,000	16th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KASHMIR"	9,955	30th Aug.	Marseilles, L'don, B'dm. & A'werp
"MANTUA"	10,946	13th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	27th Sept.	Marseilles, L'don, B'dm. & A'werp
"MALWA"	10,980	11th Oct.	Marseilles & London.
"KHYBER"	9,114	25th Oct.	Marseilles, L'don, B'dm. & A'werp
"MORLA"	10,954	8th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"MACDONIA"	11,120	22nd Nov.	do.

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Brusa, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

### BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"SHIRALA"	7,841	28th Apr.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TAKIWA"	7,808	2nd May	do.
"TALAWA"	10,000	23rd May	do.
"TAKADA"	9,949	3rd June	do.
"TALAMBA"	9,018	13th June	do.
"TALMA"	10,000	22nd June	do.

B.I.—Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

### EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"NEELORE"	6,853	2nd May	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday
"TANDA"	6,956	4th July	Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th July	do.

\* Calls Port Holland.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Japan & Hong Kong to Australia. The P. & O. S.S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Haio, Oahu, Koolanagar, Tawo, Thmor, Durbin, or other ports en route as indicated on the shipping schedule.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.  
The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.  
The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

### SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"MANTUA"	10,946	25th Apr.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TILAWA"	10,000	2nd May	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"LABORE"	9,304	5th May	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KALYA"	9,135	9th May	do.
"ALIPORE"	5,273	11th May	Moji and Kobe.
"TAKADA"	9,949	13th May	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,801	23rd May	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TALAMBA"	9,018	27th May	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
"JEYPORE"	9,318	1st June	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHMIR"	9,135	5th June	do.
"KASHMIR"	9,135	12th June	do.
"MORLA"	10,954	20th June	do.
"RAJPUTANA"	10,000	24th July	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHMIR"	9,955	1st Aug.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"MANTUA"	10,946	15th Aug.	do.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	29th Aug.	do.
"MALWA"	10,980	12th Sept.	do.
"KHYBER"	9,114	26th Sept.	do.
"MORLA"	10,954	10th Oct.	do.
"MACDONIA"	11,120	24th Oct.	do.
"RAJPUTANA"	10,000	7th Nov.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KALYA"	9,144	22nd Nov.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TAKIWA"	7,808	5th Dec.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
"KASHMIR"	9,955	20th Dec.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.

\* Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice. WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS. Passengers for Rangoon must defray their own Hotel expenses at Singapore.

\* All cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge. Steamers on London and Australian Lines are fitted with Laundries. Parcels measuring not more than 2 ft. x 3 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

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